

# the cochrane family in donegal



BASED ON THE NOTEBOOKS OF  
CECIL COCHRANE (WRITTEN C 1910)  
& GAIL HENDERSON (WRITTEN C 1965).

EDITED, ANNOTATED AND  
WITH ADDITIONAL MATERIAL BY  
DR GEOFFREY H HENDERSON.

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(**Draft** before the 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, with corrections to 13<sup>th</sup> May 2002)

Cover photograph of  
**James (IV) Cochrane JP (1801-1887).**  
Kindly provided by Anne Fisher,  
gt2-granddaughter of James.

These notes with reference to the Cochrane family in Donegal have been made by me after most careful searches and obtaining as much information as possible from the older members of the family between the years 1895 and 1905

Michael Cochran

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LIST OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCES & ABBREVIATIONS

- BIFR* *Burke's Irish Family Records.*
- CCNB* *Cecil Cochrane's Note Book.* MS (c1910) by Robert Cecil Cochrane. In addition, there is a typed version (author unknown) which contains a little more information.
- CoD2* *The Crawfords of Donegal* (2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1897) by Robert Crawford.
- CoDNME* *The Crawfords of Donegal* (New Millennium Edition, published on the Internet, 2001) by Robert Crawford. Additional material and edited by Dr Geoffrey H Henderson.
- DH&S* *Donegal - History & Society* (Geographic Publications, 1995) edited by Nolan, Ronayne and Dunlevy. (ISBN 0-906602-45-9).
- PHKU* *A Partial History of the Kincaids of Ulster* (published on the Internet, 2002) by Dr Geoffrey H Henderson.
- RCCC* *Richard Crawley's Cochrane Charts.* Descendancy Charts for the Cochranes (2001).
- RGHN* *Gail Henderson's Notes.* Typed notes (c1965) by Robin Gail Henderson.

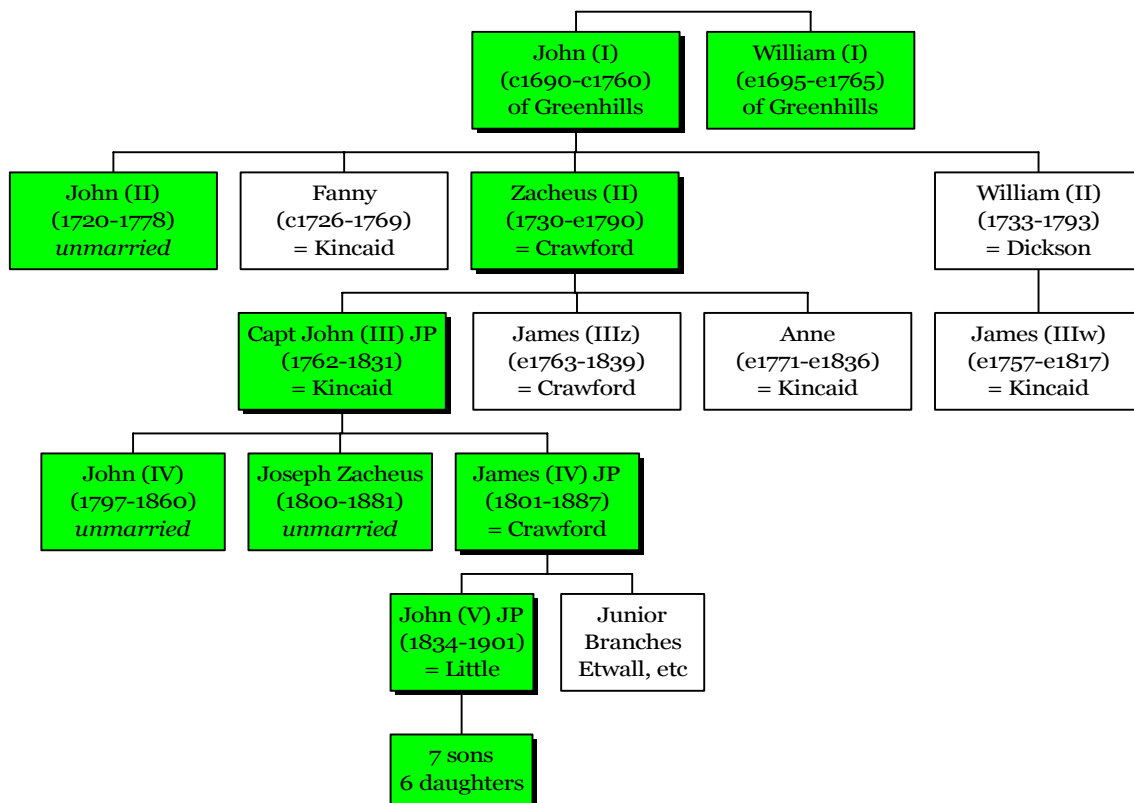
## PREFACE TO CECIL COCHRANE'S NOTEBOOK

These notes with reference to the Cochrane family in Donegal have been made by me after most careful searches and obtaining as much information as possible from the older members of the family between the years 1895 and 1905.

R Cecil Cochrane



## SIMPLIFIED FAMILY TREE



This chart provides just enough detail for reference and to show the generations (*in Roman Numerals*) and how the land and property at Edenmore<sup>1</sup> was passed down (*in Green*). In two generations (II and IV), Edenmore was passed from brother to brother as the eldest brothers died unmarried.

<sup>1</sup> See the Back Cover for a photograph of Edenmore taken in 1998.

## PREFACE TO THE 1<sup>ST</sup> (ELECTRONIC) EDITION

Cecil Cochrane's Notebook, which was probably written over a period of years up to c1910, is an important source of information about the Cochranes in Ulster from c1690. He had access to the small number of surviving primary sources and included relevant transcripts in his notebook. These documents now seem to have been dispersed amongst various branches of the family and are no longer easy for a genealogist to get hold of. Throughout this booklet, the author of the earlier Notebook<sup>2</sup>, Robert Cecil Cochrane (11<sup>th</sup> May 1871 - 24<sup>th</sup> October 1925), will be referred to as Cecil Cochrane, as he was known. Gail Henderson, who was Cecil Cochrane's great-niece and my sister, has written her own more detailed notes on the 6<sup>th</sup> Generation and beyond, thus covering the period after Cecil's death. Where appropriate, I have combined Gail's and Cecil's texts. However, Gail's notes are included in their entirety in Appendix 3.

My comments on and additions to Cecil Cochrane's text are easy to spot and generally appear as explanatory footnotes, since the original notebook did not contain any footnotes. One significant problem is that there are so many Cochranes with the same Christian name that I have suffixed their generation number in Roman numerals, for example John (III), even when quoting from old deeds; although, of course, these numbers did not appear in early documents and, be warned, my first generation is one generation before Cecil Cochrane's generation numbering scheme; in my case starting with John (I) and William (I) Cochrane of Greenhills (c1690-c1755); see Chart opposite. In the very few cases where I have noted something in the text (for example where a word is illegible) my additions always appear in square brackets and italics [*like this*]. The spelling of Cochrane has been standardised, except where an old document is being "quoted". Finally, formatting and indentation have been added to make it easier to follow from one generation to another.

Geoffrey H Henderson

Great Bookham, England

May 2002

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<sup>2</sup> In a few places, Cecil Cochrane's Notebook is incomplete with respect to dates, and I have used Richard Crawley's Cochrane Charts [*RCCC*] (dated 20<sup>th</sup> & 29<sup>th</sup> September and 20<sup>th</sup> December 2001) to fill any gaps; always indicating this with a footnote. These charts provide a tree structure with names and years of birth and death.

## THE COCHRANE FAMILY IN DONEGAL



### INTRODUCTION

The Cochranes came to Ulster as part of the Plantation, which occurred gradually after about 1610. *[This section will be written later – do not try to translate the fake Latin]*. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed diam nonummy nibh euismod tincidunt ut laoreet dolore magna aliquam erat volutpat. Ut wisi enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exerci tation ullamcorper suscipit lobortis nisl ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat. Duis autem vel eum iriure dolor in hendrerit in vulputate velit esse molestie consequat, vel illum dolore eu feugiat nulla facilisis at vero eros et accumsan et iusto odio dignissim qui blandit praesent luptatum zzril delenit augue dui dolore te feugait nulla facilisi.



This map is about 7 miles wide, with the journey from the Cochranes to the Styles about 5½ miles and from the Cochranes to the Kincaids about 1½ miles. These families lived on the south side of the River Finn.

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In the early part of this document, the source material is presented, annotated and eventually coalesced to give as complete a picture as is currently possible.



## EARLIEST EVIDENCE FOR COCHRANES IN DONEGAL

## FIRST EVIDENCE (1741)

The first documentary evidence of the presence of the Cochranes in Co. Donegal is contained in a deed dated 27<sup>th</sup> April 1741 showing how they became possessed of Edenmore.

The following is the extract:

*Vol 154 page 199 Memorial No 103379 registered 30<sup>th</sup> May 1752 of lease dated 27<sup>th</sup> April 1741 by Oliver McCausland of Strabane, Co. Tyrone, Esq. to John (I) Coghlan and William (I) Coghlan both of Greenhills, Co. Donegal, farmers, for the lives of the two lessees and Thomas Finney son of Thos Finney of Urney renewable for ever at £35-16-6. The Farm of the east and west divisions of Edenmore in Stranorlar Manor in Co. Donegal as lately mapped out by William Starrett. Witnesses – Marcus McCausland of Daisy Hill, Co. Londonderry, Esq. – John Ferguson of Strabane, Co. Tyrone, Apothecary – Jas Miller of Lifford, Co. Donegal, Gent.*

Memorial signed 22<sup>nd</sup> March 1752 by both Cochranes.

## SECOND EVIDENCE (1761)

The second<sup>3</sup> evidence is in a manuscript book<sup>4</sup> found in Lifford Jail entitled Register of Freeholders of the Co. Donegal dated 1761 in which John (II) Cochrane was registered as the Freeholder of Edenmore.

## THIRD EVIDENCE (1771)

The third<sup>3 above</sup> evidence is a Deed of Conveyance<sup>5</sup> for 200 years of the house and lands of Edenmore, Stranorlar to John (II) and Zacheus (II) Coghlan of Edenmore, Co. Donegal in June 1771.

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<sup>3</sup> CCNB has the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> evidence interchanged; I have put them in chronological order.

<sup>4</sup> When Cecil Cochrane wrote his notebook, the 1761 Register was said to be in the possession of Arthur WS Cochrane. Its whereabouts is no longer known. However, a two sided sheet comprising pages 9 and 10 (possibly from this Register or one of a later date) is currently in the possession of Lois Moriarty (née Redman) with entries for Zacheus Cochrane and James Kincaid both dated 1786. See Appendix 5.

<sup>5</sup> When Cecil Cochrane wrote his notebook c1910, the Deed was in the possession of Hugh C. Cochrane (Solicitor, Strabane).

From these facts, descent is claimed from John (I) Cochrane of Greenhills who was the original lessee of Edenmore; and John (II) and Zacheus (II) Cochrane of Edenmore (mentioned in the 1771 Deed) were, it is presumed, his sons as they succeeded to his property.

At that period, records of births, marriages and deaths were very carelessly kept and in many cases no records were available.

The property of Edenmore with an old house on it was sold by trustees of John McCausland in order to pay off family charges on the property and came into possession of this family through the Maxwells of Birdstown, one of whom married the only daughter and heiress of a certain Peter Benson to whom it had been granted to in 1630 (see "Inquisitionum in officio rotulorum cancellariae Hiberniae asservatarum repertorium" vols I-II).

It is apparent that both John (II) and Zacheus (II) Cochrane were, before 1771, tenants or lessees of Edenmore, as it is recited in the Deed of Conveyance "John (II) and Zacheus (II) Coghran both of Edenmore". Also, before this, a John (I) and William (I) Coghran lived at Greenhills, Co. Donegal. Greenhills is a small farm, now the site of the Manse, Stranorlar. There is also a Green Hill in Co. Tyrone near Castlederg on the road between Killeter and Killygordon.

There is no documentary evidence, at present found as to where John (II) and Zacheus (II) Cochrane were born. In Stranorlar Churchyard and amongst the Cochrane tombs is found one engraved as below [*Tomb 5*], but so weather worn that part of the lettering is completely obliterated:

HERE LIES ELIZABETH COGHRAN  
ALIAS NEILY WIFE OF WILLIAM  
COGHRAN OF EDENMORE STRANORLAR  
WHO DIED ON THE 9TH MAY 17++  
ALSO FRANCES +++  
DAUGHTER TO THE ABOVE WHO DIED  
YOUNG

The obliterated portion is shown in red with imaginary dates, etc. Probably the wife of Rev Joseph Kincaid and sister of Anna Maria Kincaid who married John (III) Cochrane in 1790.

It is impossible to state whose tombstone this is as all the important dates and names are obliterated. But it may be assumed it either belongs to John (I) or William (I) Cochrane originally of Greenhills or William (II), younger brother.

Edenmore is in the Parish of Donaghmore and there is no trace of this family amongst the Parish records which only date from 1824. But as all the older records were sent to the Record Office in Dublin, it is possible that if there are any records extant, they would be there. In the event of a search

for the births, marriages and deaths of any of the older Cochranes being undertaken, the records of the parishes of Donaghmore, Stranorlar and Killydonnell near and under Rathmelton should be searched. (Donaghmore for the marriage of Coghran to Elizabeth Neily or Neilson and Donegal for the marriage of Zacheus Coghran to Catherine Crawford).

Arthur William Stewart Cochrane (Rouge Croix of the College of Arms, London) has made repeated searches for Wills but without much success. One interesting fact was that a Zacheus Ferguson lived and died in 1724 at Ballynacor (opposite Edenmore), one of the executors being a James<sup>6</sup> Cochrane and it is believed that Zacheus (II) Cochrane's father probably married a Miss Ferguson. In the Chapter House of Londonderry Cathedral there is a photo of an address to King William and Queen Mary signed by the Governors, Officers, Clergy and other Gentlemen in the City and Garrison of Londonderry dated 29<sup>th</sup> July 1689 – (this was first seen by Cecil Cochrane in August 1919). The following are amongst the signatories:

Jean Cochran (her mark)

Elizabeth Cochran

Thomas Coghran

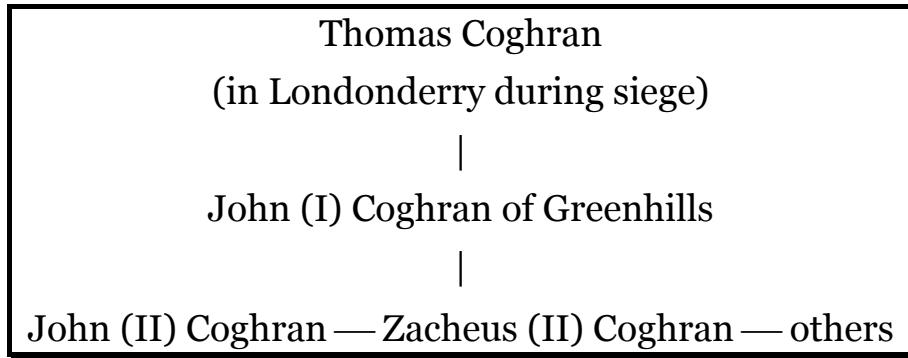
*[illegible]* Coghran

It is quite possible that one of these was the grandfather of John (II) and Zacheus (II), since if he was in the district, owing to the disturbed state of the country, he must have gone to Londonderry for safety and would be in the siege. Assuming that one of these Cochranes were 33 years of age during the siege, he would be born in 1656. He could have a son born about 1690 (buried in Stranorlar Churchyard) and John (II) and Zacheus (II) of Edenmore could be his sons.

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<sup>6</sup> This would presumably be a James (I) of whom there is no other information.

An imaginary tree might therefore read:



Extract from D’Altons History of Ireland (Vol IV page 396):

*“By the end of the month all Co. Down and Co. Antrim were in the hands of the Jacobites. Of the enemy (ie Protestants) some got protection from Hamilton, others fled in terror to the seaports and took shipping to England; a good number took refuge in Coleraine. Thither they were pursued and Coleraine was abandoned as was Dungannon and Omagh; and from all quarters the Protestants fled to Derry as to a City of refuge”.*

It has been handed down by the old members of the family that the ancestors of the family came from near Rathmelton and from Scotland to that place. It appears that in the year 1771 the Cochranes were Yeomen Farmers of a good class; this is presumed from the deed of conveyance in which they are described as Gentlemen in comparison to John McCausland (the then owner of Edenmore) who is described as Esquire and also that as they were able to buy Edenmore then for £1,323 it must be presumed that they were well-to-do.



THE 2<sup>ND</sup> GENERATION

John (II) and Zacheus (II) Coghnan of Edenmore are described in the deed of Conveyance as gentlemen and they must at that time (1771) have been about 50 years of age, as Zacheus (II) married the eldest daughter of Hugh Crawford of Drumark and she was born about 1725. Both the brothers lived at Edenmore and farmed. The elder brother John (II) died unmarried in 1778. There was a younger brother William (II) buried under tombstone 3<sup>7</sup> [Tomb ?] who was father of James (III) Cochran who married Mary Crawford and was grandfather of Sarah and Elizabeth Cochrane of Stranorlar. There were also two sisters, one married a Kincaid, the other died unmarried.

After the death of John (II) in 1778 the house and lands of Edenmore became the sole property of Zacheus (II) Coghnan. John's Will was made 18<sup>th</sup> November 1776 and proved 16<sup>th</sup> January 1779 and is as follows:

*John (II) Coghnan of Edenmore Co. Donegal gentleman, to his brother Zacheus (II) Coghnan of Edenmore his interest in Edenmore in Stranorlar Manor in Co. Donegal and to executor £5. To brother William (II) Coghnan of Edenmore Co. Donegal £100 and to nephew James (III) son of said William ... nephews William and Zacheus and Robert Kinkead and nieces Anne and Frances Kinkead ... younger children of Rev Joseph Kinkead, all nephews and nieces under 21 and unmarried — Witnesses Gust Henderson, Isaac Armstrong, Alec Purviance. Probate to executor.*

Zacheus (II) Coghnan married<sup>8</sup> about 1760, Catrean (Catherine) Crawford eldest daughter of Hugh Crawford of Drumark and had issue:

John (III) Cochrane born 1762, married 1790, died 1831.

Anne Cochrane who married Dr John Kincaid.

Hannah Cochrane died unmarried about 1843.

It appears that Zacheus (II) died intestate and the house and lands of Edenmore became the property of his son John (III) but James (III) (son of William) remained living at the old house (near the site of the then barn on the back avenue). John (III) building about the year 1790 when he was married the lower storey of the present house and which he increased by adding another storey in 1824.




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<sup>7</sup> This number does not seem to correspond to anything in the Burying Ground Plan – Appendix 4.

<sup>8</sup> See *CoDNME* page 35.

THE 3<sup>RD</sup> GENERATION

John (III) Cochrane, at a later date, made some arrangement with James (III) (son of William) by which the latter left Edenmore (probably paid out his father's legacy under the Will of John (II)). John (III) bought Drumhallagh estate about 1830 out of monies saved by Joseph Zacheus (his son) by farming at Edenmore and when he died left Drumhallagh to Joseph.

Albany Avenue Leasehold House property in Monkstown, Dublin was also bought by him. Hannah daughter of Zacheus Coghran was left a legacy of £500 under his will and continued to reside in the house with her brother John (III) and her nephew John (IV) until her death. John (III) married Anna Maria daughter of the Rev Joseph Kincaid of Kilcaddan and Raphoe and had issue:

Frances Cochrane born 1795, married 1811 Charles Style of Glenmore, died 1875.

John (IV) Cochrane born 1797, died unmarried 1860.

Joseph Zacheus Cochrane born 1799<sup>9</sup>, died unmarried 8<sup>th</sup> December 1881.

James (IV) Cochrane born 24<sup>th</sup> December 1801, married 1829, died 29<sup>th</sup> July 1887.

Henry Stuart<sup>10</sup> Cochrane born November 1803, married 18xx, died 1887.

William Cochrane born 1807<sup>11</sup>, died 18<sup>th</sup> July 1823.

Catherine Cochrane born 18xx<sup>12</sup>, died unmarried 1844.

John (III) was a JP for the County Donegal and appears to have taken an active part in the Yeomanry movement and suppression of the Rebellion of 1798. He was presented with a Silver Cup in July 1801 with the following inscription on it:

*“We Non-commissioned and Privates of the Loyal Fin Water Corps of Yeomanry presented this cup to John Cochran Esq. congratulating him on his well merited promotion to the rank of Captain also as a testimony of their affection and gratitude for his unwearied attention to the Corps and his distinguished steadiness during the Rebellion of 1798. Presented July 11<sup>th</sup> 1801.”*

This cup together with a silver tea set was taken over by the trustees of the James (IV) Cochrane estate on the death of John (V). It was purchased by

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<sup>9</sup> BIFR gives Joseph Zacheus' birth as 15<sup>th</sup> February 1800.

<sup>10</sup> RCCC gives the spelling as Stewart.

<sup>11</sup> RCCC gives William's birth as 27<sup>th</sup> December 1806.

<sup>12</sup> RCCC gives 1797.

Robert Cecil second son of John (V) in 1905 and was handed over to John Ernest in 1914 on the outbreak of the 1st World War for the same figure he had paid for it. In the Library of the Irish Academy a book called "List of Officers of the Gentlemen and Yeomanry Cavalry Volunteers and Infantry 1804" (a sort of Army List), shows Fin Water (Loyal) Cavalry:

CAPTAINS	{	Henry Stewart – 31 <sup>st</sup> Oct 1796
		John (III) Cochrane – 3 <sup>rd</sup> Nov 1800

LIEUTENANTS	{	J Kincaid <sup>13</sup> – 13 <sup>th</sup> Dec 1803
		John Johnston
		James Taylor

No other records have been found relative to this Corps but as far as one can ascertain from local tradition the Loyal Fin Water Corps was a troop of Yeomanry raised about Stranorlar and in this troop John (III) was a lieutenant and in 1800 promoted Captain. A review of the Yeomanry was said to have been held in the year 1798 in the Holme at Edenmore.

John (III) died 20<sup>th</sup> August 1831 aged 69. He and his wife were buried in Stranorlar Churchyard [*Tomb 1*]. Under his Will dated 31<sup>st</sup> July 1831 he left to his eldest son John (IV) and his heirs the house and lands of Edenmore subject to certain bequests.

James (III) Cochrane son of William Cochrane married<sup>14</sup> Mary Crawford and had issue:

James Cochrane who went to America.

Mary Jane Cochrane married John Wallwood, Stranorlar, d 1839 sp.

Elizabeth Cochrane born 1806, died unmarried 1886.

Ann Cochrane born xxxx, died June 11<sup>th</sup> 1843 unmarried.

Sarah Cochrane born 1825, died unmarried 1889.

This branch of the family is now extinct except any issue of James who went to America about 1851 and of whom all trace was lost. He was unmarried when he left for America and was said to have been wild.

On the death of John (III), his sons John (IV) and Joseph continued to reside at Edenmore, both of them died unmarried and were buried in Stranorlar Churchyard [*Tomb 12*].




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<sup>13</sup> Kincaid contemporaries of Capt John Cochrane would have been two sons of Rev Joseph Kincaid; James, who married John's cousin Fanny and Joseph of whom nothing more is known.

<sup>14</sup> See *CoDNME* page 36, although this does not indicate who James was the son of.



THE 4<sup>TH</sup> GENERATION

John (IV) Cochrane, who was Land Agent to the Earl of Leitrim and the Harvey Estate, bought Treanamullin and Roosky<sup>15</sup> about 1850 and left these properties entailed on his brother James and his issue.

Joseph Zacheus Cochrane succeeded to a life interest in Edenmore, James a life interest and his eldest son in tail; both properties being subject to bequests.

On the death of Joseph Zacheus in 1881, James (IV) succeeded to his life interest in Edenmore subject to bequests under the Will of John (IV) and he conveyed his life estate to John (V) in 1883. Drumhallagh estate was left to the Trustees to sell and pay debts and legacies and the residue to Henry Stuart for life and then to Henry Edward.

During the life time of John (IV) burglars broke into Edenmore in order to steal some collected rent placed for safety during the night in an old writing chest. The burglars were attacked by John McNaught (servant at Edenmore) with the sword used by John (III) of the Fin Water Corps and. after a tussle the burglars cleared off minus the money but with the sword which was not recovered.

James (IV) Cochrane born in 1801 qualified as a Solicitor but it appears he hardly ever practiced being made Clerk of the Peace for the County Donegal in 1829.

He obtained the lands of Rossgull in the following manner. A man called Allen then owner of Rossgull owed James Cochrane a considerable sum of money about £800 for money lent and secured the sum to James Cochrane by a mortgage on the property. James (IV) Cochrane in the year 1845 bought out the equity of redemption from Allen.

At first James (IV) resided at Gortlee near Letterkenny and about 1839 came to Croghan House Lifford. He was Clerk of the Peace for the County from May 1829 up to 1872 when he resigned in favour of his eldest son John (V). He married at St. Anne's Church Ballyshannon on 26<sup>th</sup> August 1829 Margaret eldest daughter of David Crawford Esq. of Ballyshannon by whom he had issue:

Sarah Maria Cochrane born 19<sup>th</sup> October 1830, died 3<sup>rd</sup> August 1913<sup>16</sup>, buried at Hastings.

Annie Cochrane born 16<sup>th</sup> April 1832, died 18<sup>th</sup> October 1856.

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<sup>15</sup> Spelt Ruskey by Cecil Cochrane.

<sup>16</sup> The manuscript gives an exact date, but the year only as "191", as if the author intended to check the final numeral. *RCCC* (Cochrane1) gives 1913.

John (V) Cochrane born 9<sup>th</sup> April 1834, died 27<sup>th</sup> April 1901, buried in Lifford Churchyard. [*More detail later*]

David Crawford Cochrane born 5<sup>th</sup> September 1835, died September 1917, buried at Etwall, Derbyshire. [*More detail later*]

Frances Style Cochrane born 6<sup>th</sup> February 1839, died 23<sup>rd</sup> October 1918, buried at Leamington.

Mary Elizabeth Cochrane born 8<sup>th</sup> April 1840, died 28<sup>th</sup> December 1920, buried at Leamington.

Charles Style Cochrane born 30<sup>th</sup> May 1846. [*More detail later*]

James (IV) and his wife Margaret (née Crawford) were buried in Stranorlar Churchyard [*Tomb 12*].

Henry Stuart Cochrane born in 1803. BA of TCD where he took a degree in Divinity. He was Incumbent of Killygarvan until his death in 1887, and is buried in Stranorlar Churchyard [*Tomb 11*]. He married his first cousin Eliza Hannah daughter of Dr. John Kincaid of Kilcaddan and had issue:

John Cochrane born 27<sup>th</sup> October 1832, died unmarried in 1868, buried in Stranorlar Churchyard [*Tomb 11*]. He was a graduate of TCD where he took a degree in Divinity.

William Cochrane born 1834, married Elizabeth daughter of Joseph Kincaid of 6 Leinster Street, Dublin, died 9<sup>th</sup> October 1916 without issue.

Anna Maria Cochrane born 24<sup>th</sup> October 1838, died at Edenmore 19<sup>th</sup> April 1919, buried at Stranorlar Churchyard [*Tomb 11*].

Charles Henry Cochrane born 25<sup>th</sup> March 1842, died 19<sup>th</sup> December 1910, buried at Stranorlar Churchyard [*Tomb 11*].

Henry Edward Cochrane born 25<sup>th</sup> October 1845, died at Edenmore 6<sup>th</sup> May 1919, buried at Stranorlar Churchyard [*Tomb 11*].

Frances Cochrane born 1795, married Charles Style of Glenmore, Co. Donegal, died 1875 and is buried in Stranorlar Churchyard between Cochrane tombs [*probably Tomb 6*]. The descendants of this marriage are only carried on through the female side, ie. daughters marrying John Pitt Kennedy, John James Hamilton Humphreys and John Henry Kincaid.

William Cochrane born 1807, died unmarried July 1823.



## THE 5<sup>TH</sup> GENERATION – JOHN COCHRANE (V)

John (V) Cochrane was born at Gortlee, Letterkenny on April 9<sup>th</sup> 1834. MA of Trinity College Dublin and JP for the Counties Donegal and Tyrone. Land Agent to the Earl of Erne (Donegal property), the Harvey and other small estates. On his father's resignation in 1872, he was appointed Clerk of the Peace for the County Donegal and in 1883 his father conveyed to him his life estate in Edenmore and on his death he succeeded to Treanamullin and Roosky. He died at Combermore, Lifford on April 27<sup>th</sup> 1901 and was buried in Lifford Churchyard. On his death, Edenmore was taken over by the trustees of the James Cochrane estate. His eldest son John Ernest succeeded to the properties of Treanamullin and Roosky as tenant in tail in possession.

He married (1<sup>st</sup>) Emma Elizabeth daughter of the Rev Robert Warren, Crookstown House, Co. Cork by whom he had issue (both dying in infancy):

Mary Emma Cochrane born 1865

Emma Elizabeth Cochrane born 1866

His wife Emma died in 1866 and she and the two infants were buried in Lifford Churchyard.

He married (2<sup>nd</sup>) Martha eldest daughter of Robert Little of Combermore, Lifford MB of Trinity College Dublin, Surgeon of the County Donegal Infirmary and by whom he had thirteen children all christened in Lifford Church with the exception of Nora Josephine who was privately baptised.

The children of John (V) Cochrane, by his second marriage, were:

**(1). John Ernest Charles James Cochrane born 15<sup>th</sup> April 1870 at Lifford, died 18<sup>th</sup> March 1938.**

BA TCD, FRGS, Major in the Donegal Artillery Militia, employed for some time in Mechanical Transport Company ASC from 1903. Served with the West African Field Force in expeditions in Northern Territories of Gold Coast 1897-98, medal and clasp, DSO in Ashantee 1901. Volunteered for service in South African Campaign 1902 in which he served a short period just before the declaration of peace. Joined the Roman Catholic Church in 1896, married (1<sup>st</sup>) at Killiney, Co. Dublin on July 27<sup>th</sup> 1897 Eileen Mary eldest daughter of George Fottrell Esq., JP, Solicitor of Dunmara, Killiney and 8 North Great Georges Street, Dublin who was knighted for services during the 1st World War. Had issue by his 1<sup>st</sup> wife (twin sons born September 11<sup>th</sup> 1901):

Douglas Ernest Cochrane, died December 7<sup>th</sup> 1901.

Harold Hubert Cochrane.

Divorced in 1924 and the same year married (2<sup>nd</sup>) Katalin Louise Margaret de Szilassy, daughter of Julius de Szilassy of Soressessex, Bex, Vaud, Switzerland. He lived in Switzerland with Katalin for the remainder of his life, and died there.

(2). Robert Cecil Cochrane born 11<sup>th</sup> May 1871 at Lifford, died 24<sup>th</sup> October 1925.

*[The author of the manuscript notebook – see Appendix 3]*

From 1889-93 farmed near Oaklake, Manitoba, Canada. Took degree of MRCVS<sup>17</sup> at London Veterinary College in December 1897 (Silver Medallist in Anatomy and Chemistry at the new Veterinary College Edinburgh where he attended lectures for the first two years). Entered the Army Veterinary Department in March 1898 attached to the Royal Scots Greys from July 1898 to April 1899. On the latter date he proceeded to South Africa. Served throughout the South African Campaign 1899-1902. Queens medal with four clasps, Kings Medal with two clasps, mentioned in dispatches. Seconded for one year from February 22<sup>nd</sup> 1903 for service with the Civil Administration Transvaal Government, holding the appointment of District Veterinary Surgeon, Middleburg District. Promoted Captain, AVC<sup>18</sup> in October 1903. Rejoined his Corps in October 1903. Obtained Fellowship degree of Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons in 1907. Promoted Major, AVC in March 1913, promoted Lt-Colonel, RAVC 3<sup>rd</sup> July 1921.

In August 1914 went to France with original expeditionary Forces (the Old Contemptibles) mentioned in dispatches appointed acting Lt-Col 16<sup>th</sup> June 1917. During the 1st World War he held the following appointments:

- Officer in Charge Base Depot of Veterinary Stores
- ADVS 2<sup>nd</sup> Indian Cavalry Division
- Officer Commanding No.4 Reserve Veterinary Hospital Balford
- Officer Commanding No.14 Veterinary Hospital Abbeville
- ADVS XI Corps
- Officer in Charge Stores and Records.

Married at Heilbrun Orange River Colony (ORC), South Africa on June 9<sup>th</sup> 1903 Lily Holmes, third daughter of the late Oliver Tennant Esq. of Bethlehem ORC and had issue:

John Esslemont Cecil Cochrane, born 17<sup>th</sup> April 1904 died December 31<sup>st</sup> 1904, buried in the Cemetery, Pretoria, South Africa.

Gladys Margaret Cochrane, born February 16<sup>th</sup> 1907 at Newcombe, Shooters Hill, Woolwich.

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<sup>17</sup> Member of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons

<sup>18</sup> Army Veterinary Corps

(3). Edward Webber Warren Cochrane born 2<sup>nd</sup> May 1872 at Lifford, died 29<sup>th</sup> November 1933.

BA & MB of TCD. Entered the Army Medical Service in 1896. Captain in RAMC<sup>19</sup> (previously AMS) 1899, Major 1908, Lt Colonel 1914. Served throughout the 1st World War. Mentioned in dispatches, DSO.

Married on January 15<sup>th</sup> 1910, at the Parish Church Seale, Phyllis youngest daughter of the late Joseph Goddard Esq. JP of Newton Harcourt Manor, Leicestershire and Mrs. Goddard, Burton Cottage, Farnham and had issue:

John Peter Cochrane, born at Ashe, Aldershot on October 15<sup>th</sup> 1913.

(4). Annie Frances Cochrane born 30<sup>th</sup> August 1873 at Lifford, died unmarried 16<sup>th</sup> January 1959.

(5). Hugh Crawford Cochrane born at Lifford 27<sup>th</sup> August 1874, died 7<sup>th</sup> May 1943.

Solicitor and Land Agent. On the death of his father he was appointed Agent to the Earl of Erne (Donegal property). Sub-sheriff of Co. Donegal from October 1911. Died after a short illness in Dublin.

Married Lucy Cameron eldest daughter of JC Boyd Esq MD, Lifford on 12<sup>th</sup> September 1912 and had issue:

Jean Crawford Cochrane, born June 27<sup>th</sup> 1914

Phyllis Doreen Cochrane, born September 24<sup>th</sup> 1916

(6). Leonora Josephine Cochrane born 11<sup>th</sup> November 1875 at Lifford, died 3<sup>rd</sup> July 1951.

Married October 1902 Thomas Hamilton-Jones Lawlor Esq. third surviving son of John Hilliard Lawlor Esq. of Ballymena and had issue:

Violet Leonora Frances Lawlor born 2<sup>nd</sup> October 1903

Lucy Elizabeth Cecilia Lawlor born 9<sup>th</sup> March 1905

(7) Violet Margaretta Cochrane born 9<sup>th</sup> December 1876 at Lifford, died unmarried 1975<sup>20</sup>.

Obtained diploma at Rotunda June 1908 and CMB. August 1908. Matron at the Masonic School (girls) from 19..-1923.

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<sup>19</sup> Royal Army Medical Corps

<sup>20</sup> From RCCC.

(8) Sydney Augustus Cochrane born at Lifford 7<sup>th</sup> January 1881, died c1956 in South Africa.

Volunteered for service in South African War and served in the 61<sup>st</sup> Imperial Yeomanry, Queens medal with three clasps. Afterwards he worked in the employment of the Civil administration of the Transvaal Government. Unmarried but had issue, a daughter:

Sheila Augusta Cochrane, who in turn was unmarried but had several children.

(9) Ethel Mary Grizel Cochrane born 21<sup>st</sup> March 1882 at Lifford, died in infancy 8<sup>th</sup> May 1883 of accidental poisoning.

(10) Mary Elizabeth Robina born 15<sup>th</sup> October 1884<sup>21</sup> at Lifford, died 4<sup>th</sup> January 1957.

Passed senior Cambridge exam, in 1902.

Married in India HE Redman 99<sup>th</sup> Deccan Infantry on 26<sup>th</sup> November 1906 and had issue:

Lois Mary Redman born 24<sup>th</sup> March 1910

Heather Elizabeth Redman born 24<sup>th</sup> September 1913

Beryl Robina Redman born 23<sup>rd</sup> January 1917

(11) Rupert William Henry born 10<sup>th</sup> December 1885 at Lifford, died 14<sup>th</sup> August 1919 by suicide in Rhodesia.

Was in the employment of the Chartered Company (London Office) afterwards in the BSA Police Force, Rhodesia. Died unmarried August 1919 at Gwanda, Rhodesia.

(12) Henrietta Estelle Cochrane born 5<sup>th</sup> May 1890 at Lifford, died unmarried 18<sup>th</sup> January 1945.

(13) Philip Allen Cochrane born 7<sup>th</sup> February 1893 at Lifford, died in infancy 10<sup>th</sup> February 1895 of diphtheria.




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<sup>21</sup> CCNB gives this incorrectly as 1886.

## THE 5<sup>TH</sup> GENERATION – DAVID CRAWFORD COCHRANE

David Crawford (V) Cochrane, born 5<sup>th</sup> September 1835, died 12<sup>th</sup> September 1917. MA of TCD and Oxon. Master of Etwall Hospital 1876-1917. Vicar of Scropton 1874-76, Vicar of Barrow cum Twyford 1876-85, Rector of Dalbury 1885-89, Vicar of Etwall 1889-98 all in Derbyshire. Born at Gortlee in the Parish of Letterkenny, Co. Donegal. Married at Holy Trinity Church Burton on Trent, Staffordshire 9<sup>th</sup> October 1861 to Jane Elizabeth eldest daughter of Robert Sherratt Tomlinson of the Woodlands in the Parish of Winshill, Staffs. He died at Etwall Lodge on 12<sup>th</sup> September 1917 and is buried at Etwall. He had fourteen children:

### (1) Francis James Cochrane born in Mauritius 3<sup>rd</sup> June 1863.

MICE. Married at the Cathedral Church Monte Video Uruguay 19<sup>th</sup> December 1899 Mary Isabella eldest daughter of Reuben Courteul Gratorex of Dabshill, Northolt, Middlesex. He died at sea 1904, buried at Valparaiso, Chile. Had issue:

Francis Vincent Hadden Cochrane born at Monte Video 30<sup>th</sup> November 1902, died and buried there.

Rachel Elizabeth Mary Cochrane born and baptised at Etwall Lodge 11<sup>th</sup> June 1904.

### (2) Alfred Henry John Cochrane born in Mauritius 26<sup>th</sup> January 1865.

MA Oxon, a member of the Territorial Army Committee for Northumberland. Married July 25<sup>th</sup> 1895 at the Cathedral Newcastle on Tyne to Ethel Isobel Virginia younger daughter of Sir Andrew Noble Bart KCB, FRS of Jesmond Dene House, Jesmond, Newcastle.

### (3) Annie Margaret Cochrane born at Burton on Trent 24<sup>th</sup> September 1866, died and buried at Birmingham 31<sup>st</sup> December 1917.

### (4) Robert Vincent Cecil Cochrane born at Etwall Lodge 6<sup>th</sup> May 1868, died in infancy in 1869.

### (5) Marian Elizabeth Cochrane born at Etwall Lodge 9<sup>th</sup> July 1869, died unmarried at Etwall 31<sup>st</sup> July 1919.

### (6) Alice Vida Mary Cochrane born at Etwall Lodge 12<sup>th</sup> January 1871.

Married Richard Parry Crawley MVO, Captain RASC late 24<sup>th</sup> Regiment of Foot (South Wales Borderers) served throughout the 1st World War.

Brevet Lt-Col OBE DSO and a Russian decoration. Had issue:

Diana Frances Crawley born at Alexandria Egypt 13<sup>th</sup> June 1905.

Col Sylvia Margaret Crawley born at Etwall Lodge 6<sup>th</sup> September 1906.

Lt-Col John Ambrose Crawley born 12<sup>th</sup> September 1909.

(7) Arthur William Stewart Cochrane born at Etwall Lodge 27<sup>th</sup> April 1872.

Rouge Croix Pursuivant of Arms 1904, Chester Herald 1916 of Heralds College London. Married at St. Margaret's Westminster 15<sup>th</sup> May 1907 Margaret Peregrina fourth daughter of Sir Courtenay Peregrine Ilbert GCB, KCSI, CIE, Clerk of the House of Commons and had issue:

Lesbia Margaret Cochrane born at Alwius, Amersham, Bucks 31<sup>st</sup> May 1908, baptised at Etwall.

David Crawford Cochrane born at Alwius 29<sup>th</sup> August 1909, baptised at Etwall.

Francis Alfred Arthur Cochrane born at Alwius March 1911, baptised at Amersham.

Myrtila Jane Elizabeth Cochrane born at Alwius 1911, baptised at Amersham.

Corrina May Cochrane.

(8) Emily Janet May Cochrane born at Etwall Lodge 1<sup>st</sup> May 1873.

(9) Constance Myrtila Cochrane born at Foston in the Parish of Scropton 16<sup>th</sup> September 1874.

Married at Holy Trinity Church Ashby-de-la-Zouch Leicestershire 24<sup>th</sup> July 1900 Charles Seager Berry and had issue:

Michael Francis Berry born at High Wycombe 17<sup>th</sup> October 1906.

Oliver Charles David Berry born at Copperkins, Amersham 15<sup>th</sup> July 1908.

Cecilia Elizabeth Crawford Berry born at Pretoria, Transvaal 31<sup>st</sup> December 1901.

Eleanor Constance Berry born at Johannesburg, Transvaal 11<sup>th</sup> August 1903.

Alice Myrtila Berry born at Johannesburg 20<sup>th</sup> November 1904.

Patience Mary Berry born 1909.



(10) Charles Walter Hamilton Cochrane born at Barrow, 3<sup>rd</sup> August 1876 and baptised there.

BA Oxon. Secretary to the Resident General of the Federated. Malay States. Married Cecile daughter of Mr Vetter and had issue:

Daphne Cochrane.

Anthony Charles Talbot Cochrane.

(11) Robert Sherratt Tomlinson Cochrane born at Barrow, August 27<sup>th</sup> 1877.

Married at the Parish Church Amersham June 1909 Olave Margery second daughter of Ernest Mathews Esq. of Little Shadflies, Amersham. Served during the 1st World War with the KRR Corps in which he held the rank of Captain.

(12) David George Herbert Cochrane born at Barrow 1<sup>st</sup> March 1879, died 25<sup>th</sup> February 1881 and buried at Etwall.

(13) Wilfred Theodore Claude Cochrane born at Barrow 5<sup>th</sup> March 1881.

Married Yseult only daughter of Philip Noble Esq. in 1921 and had issue:

John Noble Cochrane.

Anne Philippa Cochrane.

(14) Grace Evelyn Cochrane born at Barrow 22<sup>nd</sup> October 1882.



THE 5<sup>TH</sup> GENERATION – CHARLES STYLE COCHRANE

Charles Style Cochrane was born on 30<sup>th</sup> May 1846 and died on 1<sup>st</sup> October 1928. On 21<sup>st</sup> December 1876, he married Henrietta Katherine Little [born c1851, died 8<sup>th</sup> March 1945], emigrated to Trinidad and had issue, one daughter:

Helen Mary Cochrane born 18<sup>th</sup> May 1879 in Trinidad, West Indies, and died on 19<sup>th</sup> September 1963. Married, on 10<sup>th</sup> May 1906, William John Edward Anderson, second son of Sir William Anderson, Chief-Justice of Trinidad and had issue:

Catherine Mary Grace Anderson born 14<sup>th</sup> June 1908 in Trinidad and died c1980.

Phyllis Margaret Anderson born 23<sup>rd</sup> May 1913 and died c1975.

John Edward Donald Anderson born 5<sup>th</sup> April 1916 and died a month later on 4<sup>th</sup> May.



## APPENDICES

[Appendix 1](#) – Townlands (with County, Parish and Map Reference).

[Appendix 2](#) – Crest, Coat of Arms and Motto.

[Appendix 3](#) – Gail Henderson's Notes on the 6<sup>th</sup> Generation.

[Appendix 4](#) – Gravestones at Stranorlar Churchyard.

[Appendix 5](#) – Miscellaneous Old Documents.

[Appendix 6](#) – Cecil Cochrane's Notebook.

[Appendix 7](#) – Estimations & Speculations.

## APPENDIX 1 – TOWNLANDS

The following table lists the Townlands, Towns and Cities which appear in the text, in alphabetical order, with the associated County and Parish (in the case of the old townlands).

<b>Townland</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Civil Parish</b>	<b>Map Ref<sup>22</sup></b>	<b>Latitude N</b>	<b>Longitude W</b>
Ballindrait	Donegal	Clonleigh	H 305 998	54° 50' 35"	7° 31' 30"
Ballyholey Near	Donegal	Raphoe	C 266 048	54° 53' 25"	7° 35' 10"
Ballynacor	Donegal	Donaghmore	H 185 924	54° 46' 45"	7° 42' 45"
Ballyshannon	Donegal	Kilbarron	G 877 615	54° 30' 00"	8° 11' 20"
Birdstown	Donegal	Clonleigh	H 304 987	54° 50' 10"	7° 31' 40"
Castledearg	Tyrone		H 264 847	54° 42' 40"	7° 35' 20"
Castlefinn	Donegal	Donaghmore	H 265 950	54° 48' 05"	7° 35' 20"
Coleraine	Londonderry		C 847 323	55° 07' 55"	6° 40' 33"
Culmore	Londonderry		C 465 230	55° 03' 30"	7° 16' 00"
Donegal	Donegal	Killymard	G 931 787	54° 39' 20"	8° 06' 30"
Drumark	Donegal	Killymard	G 905 787	54° 39' 10"	8° 08' 25"
Drumhallagh <sup>23</sup>	Donegal	Killygarvan	C 287 326	55° 08' 20"	7° 33' 00"
Dundonald	Antrim			54° 35' 32"	5° 47' 43"
Dungannon	Tyrone			54° 30' 15"	6° 46' 32"
Edenmore	Donegal	Donaghmore	H 164 946	54° 48' 00"	7° 44' 20"
Glenmore	Donegal	Kilteevoge	H 085 956	54° 48' 35"	7° 52' 10"
Gortlee <sup>24</sup>	Donegal	Conwal		54° 56' 54"	7° 44' 11"
Greenhills <sup>25</sup>	Donegal	Stranorlar			
Guystown	Donegal	Clonleigh	C 299 005	54° 51' 00"	7° 32' 10"
Island McHugh	Tyrone		H 373 847	54° 42' 40"	7° 25' 30"
Kilcaddan	Donegal	Donaghmore	H 185 939	54° 47' 30"	7° 42' 50"
Killydonnell	Donegal	Aughnish	C 255 194	55° 01' 20"	7° 36' 10"
Killygarvan	Donegal	Killygarvan	C 302 309	55° 07' 30"	7° 31' 40"
Killygordon	Donegal	Donaghmore	H 204 942	54° 47' 40"	7° 40' 40"
Letterkenny	Donegal	Conwal	C 170 120	54° 57' 20"	7° 44' 00"
Lifford	Donegal	Clonleigh	H 333 984	54° 49' 50"	7° 29' 00"
Londonderry	Londonderry	Templemore	C 434 167	54° 59' 50"	7° 19' 00"

<sup>22</sup> The Irish Grid is based on lettered squares and is used by both Ordnance Survey of Northern Ireland and Ordnance Survey Ireland.

<sup>23</sup> The map reference is given for Drumhallagh Lower.

<sup>24</sup> Gortlee is now within the northern part of the town of Letterkenny.

<sup>25</sup> Greenhills was a small farm, later the site of the Manse, Stranorlar.

<b>Townland</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Civil Parish</b>	<b>Map Ref<sup>22</sup></b>	<b>Latitude N</b>	<b>Longitude W</b>
Omagh	Tyrone	Drumragh	H 458 727	54° 36' 00"	7° 18' 00"
Rathmelton <sup>26</sup>	Donegal	Aughnish	C 228 211	55° 02' 10"	7° 39' 00"
Roosky	Donegal	Raphoe	H 226 987	54° 50' 10"	7° 39' 00"
Rossgull <sup>27</sup>					
Strabane	Tyrone		H 345 975	54° 49' 30"	7° 28' 00"
Stranorlar	Donegal	Stranorlar	H 147 950	54° 48' 00"	7° 46' 30"
Treanamullin	Donegal	Stranorlar	H 168 958	54° 48' 30"	7° 44' 20"

Considerable variation is to be found in the spelling of some townland names, due mainly to the problem of representing the pronunciation of Irish language names in English spelling.




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<sup>26</sup> Rathmelton is less commonly known as Ramelton

<sup>27</sup> Is this the area called Rossguill to the west of Lough Swilly and on a northern tip? See Road Atlas of Ireland F-G 2-3.

## APPENDIX 2 – CREST, COAT OF ARMS &amp; MOTTO

It also appears that the Crest, Motto and Coat of Arms of the family living at Dundonald was first used by John (III) Cochrane of Edenmore between the years 1803 and 1831. The exact date of the first appearance of the crest, etc is unknown. Why these were assumed, it is difficult to imagine. It may be either that having the same name, they considered that sufficient justification or that the family were actually descended from one of the branches of the Dundonald family but of this I have not been able to collect any evidence. In 1860 the Ulster King of Arms wrote to John (IV) offering to confirm the Coat of Arms, etc with a suitable difference but on account of his death no action was taken. However, in 1907 a differenced Crest and Coat of Arms was registered<sup>28</sup> to the descendants of James Cochrane as follows:

Crest: Horse passant Gu – its dexter fore hoof resting on a harp Or.

Arms: Per Chevron crenelle Arg and paby of six ermine and gules, in chief two boars Heads erased of the last.

Motto: Virtute et labore



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<sup>28</sup> All papers in connection with this were in the possession of Cecil Cochrane.

APPENDIX 3 – GAIL HENDERSON'S NOTES ON THE 6<sup>TH</sup> GENERATION

(1) JOHN ERNEST CHARLES JAMES COCHRANE. Born in Lifford on Good Friday 15<sup>th</sup> April 1870. He was baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh by the Rev John S McClintock on Sunday 29<sup>th</sup> May 1870, and his God parents were C Little; CS Cochrane and JE Cochrane. He was educated at Sherborne and went to Trinity College Dublin. Here he idled for many years before finally getting his BA.

In about 1894-96 he joined the Donegal Artillery which took him out to Lagos (27<sup>th</sup> July) and he later lived out there with his first wife. He is mentioned in dispatches: 1900 *"In the attacks on the Fort at Kumasi on April 29<sup>th</sup>, Assistant Inspector JE Cochrane, of the Lagos Hausas, who had arrived after two day's severe fighting, was severely wounded at Assagu outside Kumasi"*. Sir Frederic Hodgson mentions him in his dispatch as *"having displayed conspicuous gallantry"*. In the same year he left Africa for London on the Victoria, because he was wounded (see letter from him written at that time).

In 1901 he was awarded the DSO for his gallantry at Ashanti. In the 1<sup>st</sup> World War he commanded an artillery brigade at Gallipoli and in France. He also went out to Spain. Eventually he came home where he worked in London as an engineer, although he had no training in this field, but his wife had plenty of money to keep him.

In 1897 he married Eileen Mary Fotrell, eldest daughter of George Fotrell Esq., Clerk of the Peace for Co. Dublin. However this marriage was dissolved in 1924. In that same year he married Katalin Louise Margaret de Szilassy, daughter of Julius de Szilassy of Soressesex, Bex, Vaud, Switzerland. He lived in Switzerland with Katalin for the remainder of his life, and died there on 18<sup>th</sup> March 1938.

His first wife Eileen remarried Lt-Col Stanley-Gubbins DSO, OBE and she died on the 11<sup>th</sup> December 1960.

Katalin also remarried after her husband's death, an Edward Haussman. She lived with him in America until her death in 1964.

He had two sons by his first marriage:

Douglas Ernest Cochrane, born 11<sup>th</sup> October 1901 and died 7<sup>th</sup> December 1901.

Harold Hubert Cochrane, born 11<sup>th</sup> October 1901.

(2) ROBERT CECIL COCHRANE. Born in Lifford on Thursday 11<sup>th</sup> May 1871. Baptised on Sunday 25<sup>th</sup> June 1871 by the Rev William M Edwards in the Parish Church of Clonleigh. His God parents were Dr R Little MD, DC Cochrane and H Little.

He was educated at Armagh Royal School and some other Public School in England. After his schooling he grew up at home doing nothing. He apparently carried on with some Lifford village girl, so he was sent to Canada. where he worked on a ranch. He returned home to Ireland when his father died in 1901. He borrowed money from a local man, a certain Robert Wilson, to put himself through the Veterinary College of Trinity College Dublin, and he later paid back the money. He joined the AVD and worked in Maritzburg, Pretoria and then India. In 1914 he returned from India and joined up in the Veterinary Corps during the 1<sup>st</sup> World War, and at this time he was living at Woolwich. In 1919 he went to India again before returning to Woolwich where he worked after the war. He retired to Droitwich where he got cancer of the cheek, thought due to a tooth extraction. He died on the 24<sup>th</sup> October 1925. On 9<sup>th</sup> June 1903 he married Lily Holmes Tennant, third daughter of the late Oliver Tennant Esq. JP of Esslemont Hurst, Bethlehem, ORC<sup>29</sup>. They settled in Pretoria after their marriage and she died on 21<sup>st</sup> June 1951. They had issue, one daughter and one son:

John Esslemont Cecil Cochrane, born 17<sup>th</sup> April 1904 and died 31<sup>st</sup> December 1904.

Margaret Gladys Cochrane, born 16<sup>th</sup> February 1907 in Pretoria and died on 28<sup>th</sup> June 1934. She married Robert Stanley Harper and had two daughters by him.

(3) EDWARD WEBBER WARREN COCHRANE. Born in Lifford on Thursday 2<sup>nd</sup> May 1872. Baptised on Sunday evening the 30<sup>th</sup> June 1872 in the Parish Church of Clonleigh by the Very Rev Dr Alexander Lord Bishop of Derry and Raphoe. His God parents were J Cochrane, J Cochrane and MS Warren.

He was educated at Sherborne Public School and went on to Trinity College Dublin where he gained a BA and a MD. He joined the RAMC and became a Lieutenant in 1896, a Captain in 1899 and later a Colonel. He worked abroad and at home and was in India in 1898. He lived at Alderhurst while in England, and in 1913 lived in a house in Enniskillen for a year.

On 17<sup>th</sup> August 1914 he went off to the 1<sup>st</sup> World War, during which time he worked out in Mesopotamia doing a marvellous job organising three

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<sup>29</sup> Orange River Colony



hospitals. He is mentioned in two dispatches. After the war he spent a few months in Egypt and in 1919 went to India for two years. In 1921 he returned home again to live in England. He went out to Mesopotamia again in 1933 where he became ill after six months and died later in hospital in England on the 29<sup>th</sup> November 1933.

On 15<sup>th</sup> January 1910 he married Phyllis Goddard (died 13<sup>th</sup> August 1968), daughter of Joseph Goddard JP of the Manor House, Newtown Harcourt, Leicestershire and soon after their marriage they sailed for Bermuda. He had issue, one son:

John Peter Cochrane, born 15<sup>th</sup> October 1913. He was educated at Wellington school and Sandhurst. However during the 2nd World War he was a conscientious objector and acted as a stretcher bearer. After the war he joined Toothes Gallery where he became a Director of it. From a newspaper cutting in 1959: *"In this chaotic age you must expect artists to express chaos in their work" said Mr Peter Cochrane, a director of the Gallery; "my eleven year old son paints some good pictures, but the difference between his work and that of other artists is the difference between good furniture and reproduction furniture. If you know the difference you can tell. But you must take the time to learn"*. He married twice. His first marriage on 16<sup>th</sup> May 1941 to Olga D'Oyly-John, daughter of the late Don Enrique Perez Triano-y-Memosalbas and Dona Mathilde (a woman seven years older with a 21 year old son called Gavin). This marriage was dissolved and he married secondly Petruska Corninio, daughter of the late Prof Albert Paul Corninio of Liege, Belgium and by her had two children:

Gavin St.John Warren Cochrane, born 28<sup>th</sup> December 1949

Cara Anne Fiona Cochrane, born 28<sup>th</sup> April 1956.

(4) ANNIE FRANCES COCHRANE (Nancy). Born on the 30<sup>th</sup> August 1873 in Lifford. Baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on 26<sup>th</sup> October 1873 by the Rev JS McClintock and her God parents were C Little; FS Cochrane and MF Keane.

She devoted most of her life in looking after her mother, where her father died in 1901. She was educated by a governess, the Prior School Lifford and Seascale School, Cumberland, until she was 17. She was living at home in 1901 when her father died., and when Combermore was sold in 1903, she lived with her mother in a house in Lifford called Murvagh. At some stage probably when she was at home, she was engaged to a doctor in Dublin for six years! In 1910 she went down to Limerick to work as a governess for a family, but in November of that year her mother had a stroke, and she returned home to look after her. In 1913, lack of money forced her to seek a job, she went down to Culmore House outside Londonderry where she

worked as a superintendent training young girls for domestic purposes. In 1914 she brought her mother down to Culmore with her in order to look after her. There was much travelling from Derry to Lifford. In 1920, she left Culmore House for good and by 1921, they settled in Murvagh, Lifford, a house bought for them by Hugh and the elder brothers. She lived there the rest of her life, sharing and running the house for her other sisters, Nora and Vi and sometimes Stella. Laterally she had cancer, but she died of a thrombosis on the 16<sup>th</sup> January 1959 at the age of 85. *“She was a life long member of Clonleigh Parish Church and until recently was a member of the choir. She was among the first ladies in Ireland to become a member of the Select Vestry. She was keenly interested in the work of the British Sailor’s Society and was one of the founder members, and held office on the Strabane and Lifford Guild”*.

(5) HUGH CRAWFORD COCHRANE. Born in Lifford on Wednesday 26<sup>th</sup> August 1874. Baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on Sunday 25<sup>th</sup> October 1874 by the Rev Benjamin Friel Foster Dane. His God parents were R Crawford, JS Little and J Humphrey.

He was educated at All Hallos School Devon and later at Trinity College Dublin where he qualified as a solicitor. He practised in Lifford, and became agent to Lord Erne’s estate in 1917, a position he held until his death in 1943.

From a newspaper cutting (no date, but about 1901): *“Mr Hugh Cochrane, solicitor, will succeed his father, the late Mr John Cochrane, Combermore, Lifford, an agent of the Earl of Erne. The tenantry, it is understood, the day the late Mr Cochrane was buried, of their own accord forwarded a request to the Earl of Erne asking that young Mr Cochrane might be appointed. His Lordship replied as follows to one of the tenantry: ‘I am in receipt of yours of the 6<sup>th</sup> inst., and am glad to learn that the late Mr Cochrane’s many good qualities were so warmly appreciated by those among whom he lived and worked. You will have heard that I have appointed Mr Hugh Cochrane in his place. It has given me much pleasure in so doing to have been able to meet the generally expressed wish of the tenantry on the Lifford property. Yours faithfully – Erne”*. From 1917 until 1943 he was Under-Sheriff for Co. Donegal. In 1922 he came under the Ministry of local Government.

He was a gentleman jockey from 1901-1913 and also a keen cricketer, being Captain of the Strabane XI. In 1912 he married Lucy Cameron Boyd, eldest daughter of Dr John Boyd MD, Lifford. She was born on 27<sup>th</sup> July 1884, died on 13<sup>th</sup> October 1956, educated at Rosemeath Girls school, Wrexham and had one year’s Froebel Training before her marriage. In 1918 she started a Girl Guides Company in Lifford, and died in October 1956). Hugh

Cochrane died on the 7<sup>th</sup> May 1943 after a short illness in Dublin. *“Mr Cochrane who had been ill for about a fortnight, passed away in Dublin hospital yesterday morning. He was an outstanding personality and by his death the community has lost one who was a beloved and highly respected gentleman in every sense of the word. A son of the late Mr John Cochrane”*.

He had issue, two daughters:

Jean Crawford Cochrane, born 27<sup>th</sup> June 1914. Educated at Ashleigh House School, Belfast and Trinity College Dublin where she got an honours degree in Modern History and Political Science, also a MA of TCD. She trained as a teacher and taught at various schools from 1939-1956. In 1956 she became Principal of PNEU school by correspondence and in 1966, she became Headmistress of Ashleigh House, Belfast.

Phyllis Doreen Cochrane, born 24<sup>th</sup> December 1916 at Lifford. Educated at Ashleigh House and in 1934 she began a masseuse training at Nutsford. She had a weak heart and in 1935 she got pneumonia and after two days illness at the Cottage Hospital, Nutsford, she died on the 25<sup>th</sup> February. She was buried in Wrexham.

(6) LEONORA JOSEPHINE COCHRANE. Born on 11<sup>th</sup> November 1875. Baptised privately at Combermore on 23<sup>rd</sup> January by the Rev BFF Kane, her God parents were JF Little, A Chambers and M Payne.

She was educated at Seascale School, Cumberland until 1893. She lived at home until her marriage in October 1902. She married Thomas Hamilton Jones Lawlor (born 13<sup>th</sup> May 1865), the third surviving son of the late JH Lawlor of Ballymena, on the 11<sup>th</sup> October at Clonleigh. The service was performed by the Rev HJ Lawlor, brother of the bridegroom and by the Rev AJ Hunter, Rector of Clonleigh. The bride was given away by her brother Mr HC Cochrane and was attended by her sister Miss Violet Cochrane, as bridesmaid. The happy couple left Strabane by the Mail for Dublin en route for Cork where they will spend their honeymoon. In March 1911, when her husband was made manager off the Enniskillen branch of the Provincial Bank of Ireland, they moved from Lifford to live there. Previously he had been bank official. On the 1<sup>st</sup> May 1913 she was left a widow and on the 20<sup>th</sup> of the same month, she moved with her two children to live with her mother in law at Kingstown<sup>30</sup>, near Dublin. She did various jobs including being a school matron at Rockport and Berkhamsted Girls School from the years 1920-24. She spent much of the remainder of her life living with her sisters and mother in Lifford. In 1951 she retired to bed with hardening of

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<sup>30</sup> Now called Dun Laoghaire.

the arteries and she died at Lifford Hospital on the 3<sup>rd</sup> July 1951. She had issue, two daughters:

(i) Violet Leonora Frances Lawlor, born 2<sup>nd</sup> October 1903 at Lifford. Educated at Alexandra College Dublin and later at Ashleigh House, Belfast. She went to Trinity College Dublin for a few years but was sent down. She then trained as a secretary and had various jobs until 1942 when she joined the ATS. In 1948 she married Raymond Homestead Hobbs (born 1901 at Newcastle-upon-Tyne. Son of AH Hobbs JP and educated at Eskdale Prep. school. At 14 he passed into the Royal Navy but he had to leave due to illness in 1920. Commissioned into the Regular Army, Royal Northumberland Fusiliers from 1924-30. Vice-master of Mourne Grange Prep school from 1930-40 and then appointed Army Reserve as Captain and in 1946 joined the Royal Ulster Rifles. Appointed Secretary of the RUR. Association, Regimental Committee and Editor but had to resign in 1959 due to thrombosis). She was a recruiting Officer in the WRAC. from 1951-60. Later, they both ran a confectionary shop in Cranbrook. No issue.

(ii) Lucy Elizabeth Cecilia Lawlor, born on 9<sup>th</sup> March 1905 at Lifford. Educated at numerous school in Ireland. Trained for nursing at St. Mary's Paddington from 1926-30 (bronze medal for 2<sup>nd</sup> place in her year). Midwifery at East End Maternity Hospital and afterwards worked at the Radium Institute for six months and again at St. Mary's. She went out to the Sudan Medical Service as a sister and worked for one year before her marriage in 1932 to Robert Boog Watson Bannerman (born 1902, 2<sup>nd</sup> son of Major General WB Bannerman and Helen Boog Watson. He joined the Sudan Irrigation Dept. in 1927 and retired from it in 1950. He worked for three years in Gambia doing Irrigation and then joined the British Civil Service in Ministry of Housing Dept. as a hydrologist, and a member of the Water Reserves Board, living in Cranbrook). They had issue, a son and a daughter.

(7) VIOLET MARGARETTA COCHRANE. Born 9<sup>th</sup> December 1876 at Lifford.

Baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on 25<sup>th</sup> February 1877 by the Rev AJ Hunter, her God parents were Rev HS Cochrane, M Herrick and P Kirchoffer.

She was educated at Armagh (when she was staying with cousins, the Bowmans), Steelfield Hall and Seascale, Cumberland until 1894. She also went to school in France at Tarnetgarnee. She trained as a Maternity Nurse at the Rotunda Hospital, Dublin, and most of her early work was as a maternity nurse. She returned home, but when her father died she was

forced to earn her own living. She taught privately for several years in England, Ireland and Wales, including the Seagrave family from Limerick. In 1915 she became matron of the Masonic Girl's School, Dublin, a position which she held until about 1924. In 1925 she had one eye removed as it was causing so much pain, thought to be the result of a tennis ball in her eye several years before.

In 1925 she found herself a job in South Africa where she was a companion to a slightly mental person. This was in Capetown for about two years. She then went to Durban for three years, where she worked in a hostel with girls "who had had a slight mishap". In 1930 when her mother was unwell she returned home again, but the following year went out to South Africa, this time to nurse a certain Judge Benjamin who was paralysed. She went back to Durban for three more years to do a similar type of job with girls in a hostel. In 1935, she returned home for good and lived in Murvagh with her sisters and laterally alone until 1967 (aged 90) when Murvagh was sold and she went over to England to live in an old peoples home, and Vi and Cecilia looked after her.

She was a tremendous, cheerful old character [*although, with her staring glass eye, she was a rather frightening sight to her young great-nieces and great-nephews*].

(8) SYDNEY AUGUSTUS COCHRANE. Born on Friday 7<sup>th</sup> January 1881 and baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on 23<sup>rd</sup> March 1881 by Rev Henry Hunter. His God parents were A Bowman, Augustus Warren and RA Wilson.

He was educated at a Prep. school in England and Coleraine Institute and when he finally came home from his schooling he was no longer a gentleman due to the rough manners he had learnt at Coleraine. From a 1900 newspaper cutting: "*Mr Sydney A. Cochrane, fifth son of Mr John Cochrane, Clerk of the Peace for Co. Donegal, has joined the Irish Imperial Yeomanry and, having passed the standard, has proceeded to the Curragh for training with the 2<sup>nd</sup> Company, prior to his going South. He is a well known horseman, and has ridden at the Caricklee and Enniskillen meetings. He is very popular amongst his neighbours, and leaves with the good wishes of all for a successful career and safe return*". On the 26<sup>th</sup> March 1900 he set off for South Africa. He was also a gentleman jockey for a man in Capetown. After the 1<sup>st</sup> World War he got a job in the Government at Pretoria.

He had a child by a Dutch half-caste, and after she died, he adopted his daughter, Sheila Augusta who is not married but has children of her own. About 1956 or 57 he was ill in a nursing home in South Africa where he died. I cannot trace his illegitimate daughter's address, but I think he died

in December 1956. I had written to him about a year or so before he died, I cannot remember the reason, and although I have since lost the letters, I had the impression that he was very sweet, for he even sent me 10/- for Christmas.

(9) ETHEL MARY GRIZEL COCHRANE. Born on 21<sup>st</sup> March 1882. Baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on 25<sup>th</sup> April 1882 by the Rev JS McClintock, her God parents were R Little, AM Cochrane and ME Cochrane. She died on May 8<sup>th</sup> 1883 of accidental poisoning and was buried in Lifford Churchyard. The nurse, thinking that she was giving her Castor Oil, gave her Carbohc instead, which was partly the mother's fault for not having the bottles properly labelled, although the nurse was supposed to be illiterate and probably could not read the label anyway.

(10) MARY ELIZABETH ROBINA COCHRANE. Born on the 15<sup>th</sup> October 1884 at Lifford. Baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on 28<sup>th</sup> December 1884 by the Rev JS McClintock and her God parents were Robert Bowman, Eliza Bowman and MA Little.

She was educated at the Prior School Lifford and Rosemeath School in North Wales. When her father died she went to live at Etwall with her Uncle, due to lack of money at home. She started her Froebel (kindergarten) training there for a year. In 1905 she went out to India to stay with her mother's brother, a Charles Little, a doctor in the Indian Medical Service. Out there she met and married Harry Eastland Redman on the 26<sup>th</sup> November 1906 at Secunderabad and they spent their honeymoon at Vikarabad. (He was born in 1880 at Brighton, eldest son of Joseph Redman, a dental surgeon of Wimpole Street. He joined the 6<sup>th</sup> Battalion Royal Warwick Regiment (Militia). 1900 he went with them to S. Africa and he received a permanent commission with the 1<sup>st</sup> Battalion Royal Warwick Regiment in 1901. After being invalided home from South Africa with malaria, he joined the Indian Army 9<sup>th</sup> Deccan Infantry in 1903. He served with them until he retired in 9 1924. During the 1<sup>st</sup> World War he saw service on the North-West Frontier and in Mesopotamia.)

They started of married life in Secunderabad and Poona and moved to numerous other Indian towns including Ahmadabad and Wellington, in 1908 they went to Singapore. In 1921 they came home to England with their family, as Harry was on leave for six months, and then he returned to India. His wife and family stayed first with his mother at Denbigh Road, London and later in Bedford. In 1923 they moved to Lifford staying in Mrs. Boyd's house while she was away. In 1924 he retired and came to Lifford, where

they moved to another house in Lifford called the Anchorage. The summer of 1925 they moved to Guystown, Ballindrait and in 1920 into a house they had built in Strabane, called Glencoe. Although retired he took a keen interest in local affairs, during the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War he was an active member of the Home Guard, in which he served as a Platoon Commander; and the ARP<sup>31</sup> organisation. He died of cancer of the oesophagus after two months illness, on the 3<sup>rd</sup> January 1950 and was buried in Lifford Churchyard. She lived on alone at Glencoe, sometimes visiting her daughters or having them and her grandchildren to stay. In 1956 after much pain she came to stay with her youngest daughter in Londonderry for one month and as she did not improve she went into the Bayview Nursing Home, Asylum Road, Londonderry. She finally became paralysed and died there on the 4<sup>th</sup> January 1957; her diagnosis being a secondary growth on the spinal cord. She was buried alongside her husband in Lifford at Clonleigh Parish Church.

She had issue, three daughters:

(i) Lois Mary Redman, born in Singapore 24<sup>th</sup> March 1910. She was educated by a governess in India and also attended various Army schools until the age of eleven. She went to a convent and High School in Bedford and finally the Prior School in Lifford.

In 1927 she went to Aldersey Hall in Cheshire to do a horticultural training but returned home the following year due to a weak heart. In 1929 she went to teach John Cochrane, the eldest son of Wilfred and Yseult and then had a job as a gardening companion to a certain Mrs. Moore at Ballygally Castle where she met Geoffrey Geoghegan who wanted to marry her. In 1931 she began a shorthand and typing course at the Strabane Technical College. In 1932, Geoffrey Geoghegan died<sup>32</sup> leaving her all his money. In 1936 she went out to India to marry on the 27<sup>th</sup> April at Mhow, Rowland lager Blennerhassett Moriarty (born 16<sup>th</sup> May 1910 and educated at Portora Royal School, Enniskillen; eldest son of the Rev TAH Moriarty of Leckpatrick. He went to Sandhurst and joined the Suffolk Regiment. He retired from the Army in the rank of Lt-Col in 1956. He subsequently worked as a civil servant with the Ministry of Defence in the war records office at Edgware and died from a stroke when he had returned home from work to have lunch).

They returned to Bury St. Edmunds until the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War broke out. After the war they were in Germany and when he retired they settled in Edgware. In 1962, they bought a house down at Southwold, Suffolk where they had hoped to retire to. No issue.

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<sup>31</sup> Air Raid Precautions.

<sup>32</sup> Suicide after a bout of flu.

(ii) Heather Elizabeth Redman, born in India 24<sup>th</sup> September 1913. Educated by a governess in India, the convent in Bedford and the PNEU school in Strabane. In 1930 she went to work in a fever hospital at Ealing, but let herself get so run down that she had to return home. The following year she did a secretarial course at the Strabane Technical College and worked for her uncle, Hugh Cochrane [*a solicitor*], in his office in Lifford until the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War broke out. In 1939 she joined up in the WAAF and was in London for a while before going out to Egypt for three years. She met her future husband in Cairo. Due to ill health she returned home in 1945, having attained the rank of Flight Officer. In 1946, May 11<sup>th</sup>, she married Wing-Commander, WH Bentley OBE eldest son of Mr and Mrs. W. Bentley of Southport. He retired from the Air Force in 1965 as a Wing Commander. He subsequently worked for the City & Guilds in London, commuting from their home in Berkhamsted, Herts. She has issue, two daughters (Diana Elizabeth and Mary Jane).

(iii) Beryl Robina Redman, born on the 23<sup>rd</sup> January 1917 in Simla, India. She was educated at the Prior school Lifford and Ashleigh House school, Belfast. She did her Froebel training at Ashleigh House for three years and then went to St. Mary's Hospital, Paddington where she began her nursing training. However when the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War broke out in 1939, she decided to get married. She married Robert Halley Henderson, son of George Henderson of Chester, on 10<sup>th</sup> February 1940. Her husband joined up in the Army during the war, and for the first year she followed him around England and Scotland. When he went out to East Africa in 1940, she went home to live with her parents. He had attained the rank of Major at the end of the war and returned to Londonderry, where he worked with his uncle in the City Factory. In 1966 he was appointed Director of the Men's clothing division of Tootals. She had issue, a son and a daughter, Geoffrey Halley (1942-) and Robin Gail (1947-1967).

(11) RUPERT HENRY WILLIAM COCHRANE. Born on the 10<sup>th</sup> December 1885, baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on 6<sup>th</sup> January 1886. His God parents were WJ Cochrane, Rev JS McClintock and HC Cochrane.

He was educated at a Prep school in England and when his father died in 1901, when he was 16, due to lack of money he was sent to the Prior School Lifford. In 1903 he went to London, where he worked for three years. On 26<sup>th</sup> April 1906 he sailed for South Africa, and he finally joined up in the Rhodesian Police. On the 14<sup>th</sup> August 1919 he shot himself in his rooms at Gwanda, due to acute depression after a bout of Asian flu.



(12) HENRIETTA ESTELLE COCHRANE. Born on 5<sup>th</sup> May 1890. Baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on the 24<sup>th</sup> June 1890, her God parents were John Cochrane, Lily Hiffernan and HN Crawford.

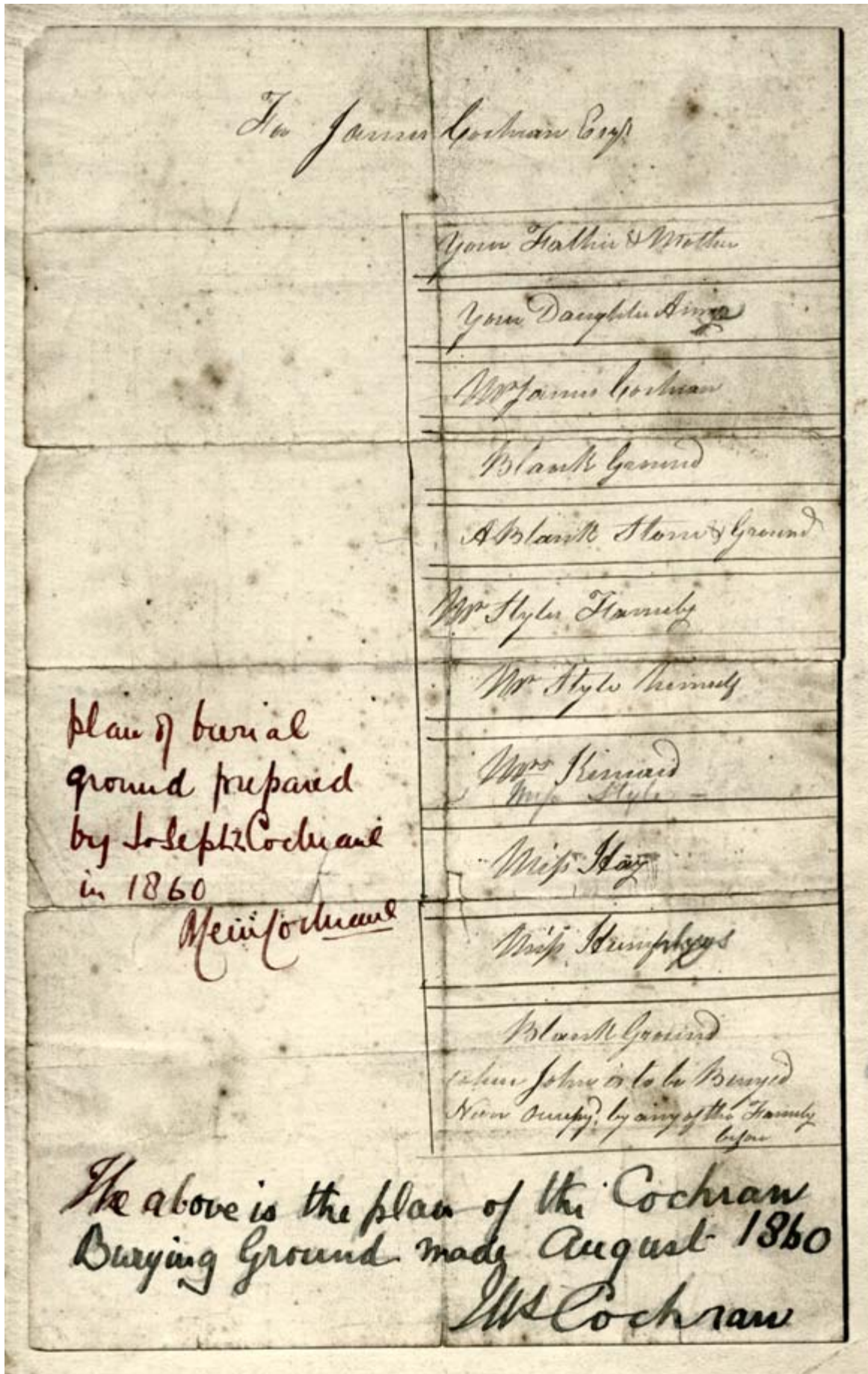
She was educated at a school in Bristol until 1908. Although she never took any training, she travelled much, working as a governess or looking after children. In 1908 she went to Wales and came home for a year in 1910. The following year she went to Bordeaux with a family and in 1913 she went to Canada. In 1919 she went to Egypt and in 1925 to Panama for two years. She came home at intervals and also had various other jobs in England and Wales. When her mother died in 1931 she came home once more, but shortly afterwards went to Tunbridge Wells where she worked in a boys school as a housekeeper.

In 1939, she got cancer of the breast and stayed with Phyllis Cochrane and her sister Vi came over to nurse her. She had an operation and recovered temporarily. When the 2<sup>nd</sup> World War started she went back to Kent, but returned home in 1942 as she had difficulty in breathing due to lung cancer. She remained at Murvagh where she was nursed by her sisters until her death on 12<sup>th</sup> January 1945.

(13) PHILIP ALAN COCHRANE. Born on the 7<sup>th</sup> February 1893 at Lifford, baptised in the Parish Church of Clonleigh on the 1<sup>st</sup> March 1893 by the Rev Edward O'Brien. His God parents were AF Cochrane, RC Cochrane and Dr JC Boyd MD. He died only two years later on 10<sup>th</sup> February 1895 of diphtheria. The doctor had wired to London for the medicine, but it arrived too late.



APPENDIX 4 - GRAVESTONES AT STRANORLAR CHURCHYARD



*[The preceding page shows the "Plan of the Cochran Burying Ground" stuck on the inside back cover of Cecil Cochrane's Notebook. It was apparently produced by Joseph Zacheus Cochrane for James (IV) Cochrane in 1860. The following numbering scheme is based on this Plan made in 1860, and later updated. No.1 is at the top of the notebook's page and also nearest to the Church].*

1. SACRED TO THE MEMORY OF JOHN (III) COCHRAN ESQUIRE OF EDENMORE IN THIS COUNTY WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE ON THE 20TH OF AUGUST 1831 AGED 69 YEARS. THOUGH HIS CHARACTER IN THE EYES OF HIS FELLOW MEN WAS WITHOUT SPOT AND HE EXPERIENCED IN NO COMMON DEGREE THE BLESSING OF THE POOR YET THROUGH GRACE HE WAS ENABLED TO COUNT ALL BUT LOSS FOR KNOWLEDGE OF A CRUCIFIED SAVIOUR AND WITH HIS LATEST BREATH TESTIFIED OF THE EXCEEDING RICHES OF HIS SALVATION.  
BENEATH THIS STONE ARE ALSO DEPOSITED THE REMAINS OF ANNA MARIA THE BELOVED WIFE OF THE ABOVE JOHN COCHRAN WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE ON THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER 1844 AGED 78 YEARS.  
BLESSED ARE THE DEAD WHICH LIE IN THE LORD YEA SAITH THE SCRIPTURES FOR THEY REST FROM THEIR LABOURS AND THEIR WORKS DO FOLLOW THEM.

2. IN MEMORY OF ANNIE COCHRANE BORN 16TH APRIL 1833  
DIED OCTOBER 18TH 1856.

3. Stone, no engraving. James Cochrane (III) snr, Elizabeth, Mary Jane & Sarah.

4. No stone. John (II) & Zacheus (II) Cochrane.

5. HERE LIES ELIZABETH  
ALIAS NEI WIFE OF  
COGHR EDE  
THE 9TH  
ALSO FRANCIS  
TO THE  
YOUNG.

- BENEATH THIS STONE ARE INTERRED THE REMAINS OF FRANCES DOROTHEA STYLE AGED 16 YEARS, THIRD DAUGHTER OF CHARLES STYLE OF GLENMORE ESQUIRE AND FRANCES HIS WIFE, WHO DIED 3<sup>RD</sup> OF MARCH 1840.
6. OF CHARLES STYLE JUNR AGED 29 YEARS, ELDEST SON OF SAME, WHO DIED THE 21<sup>ST</sup> OF OCTOBER 1845.  
OF WILLIAM STYLE AGED 28 YEARS, THE LAST SURVIVING SON OF SAME, WHO DIED THE 4<sup>TH</sup> OF JANUARY 1850.  
AND OF CHARLOTTE STYLE AGED 46 YEARS, ELDEST DAUGHTER OF SAME, WHO DIED THE 30<sup>TH</sup> OF JUNE 1859.

7. BENEATH THIS STONE ARE INTERRED THE REMAINS OF CHARLES STYLE OF GLENMORE ESQUIRE WHO DIED 21<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER 1853, AGED 78 YEARS.  
ALSO FANNY STYLE HIS WIFE WHO DIED THE 20<sup>TH</sup> JANUARY 1875, AGED 80 YEARS.

8. Mrs Kincaid. Miss Style.

9. Miss Hay.

10. Miss Humphreys.

11. IN LOVING MEMORY OF ELIZA COCHRANE<sup>33</sup> DIED 1847  
JOHN COCHRANE DIED 1868 AND  
HENRY S. COCHRANE DIED 1887  
CHARLES H. COCHRANE DIED 1910  
WILLIAM J. COCHRANE DIED 1915  
ANNA M. COCHRANE DIED 1919  
HENRY E. COCHRANE DIED 1919.

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<sup>33</sup> Eliza Hanna Kincaid (e1807-1847), wife of Henry Stuart Cochrane (1803-1887)

12.

BENEATH THIS STONE ARE INTERRED THE REMAINS OF  
JOHN (IV) COCHRAN OF EDENMORE ESQ WHO DIED  
31ST JULY 1860 AGED 64 YEARS.  
MARGARET WIFE OF JAMES (IV) COCHRANE DIED  
FEBRUARY 28TH 1864 AGED 64 YEARS.  
JOSEPH ZACHELIS COCHRAN OF EDENMORE DIED  
DEC. 8TH 1881 AGED 82 YEARS.  
JAMES (IV) COCHRANE DIED JULY 29TH 1887 AGED 86 YEARS.

*[When Richard Crawley visited and photographed this Churchyard in 2001, there was nothing obvious to show the presence of graves 8, 9 and 10, although he was not specifically looking for them. Possible there had been some later reorganisation of the stones or one of the largest stones had become loose and was now laid over graves 8-10].*



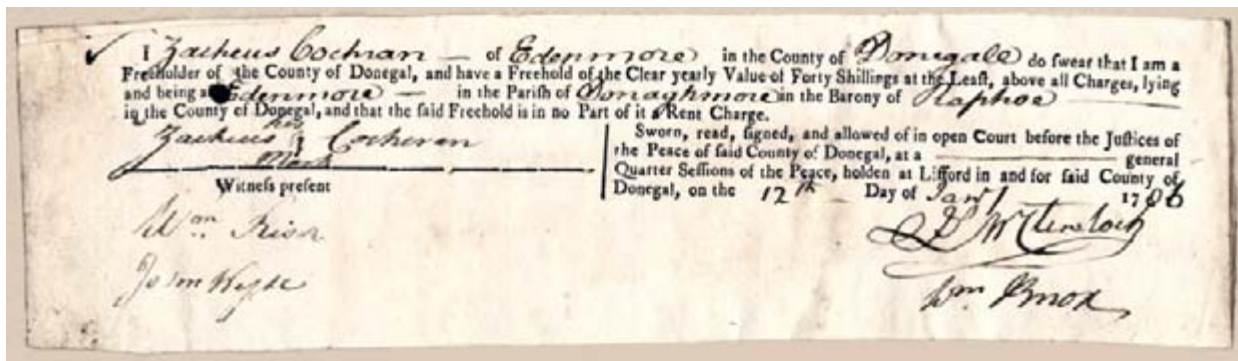
## APPENDIX 5 - MISCELLANEOUS OLD DOCUMENTS

## 1786 - FREEHOLDERS

A sheet, evidently torn from a Register, has five slips of paper stuck on page 9 and six slips stuck on the back on page 10.

On the front (page 9) are these slips:

Freeholder	Dwelling	Parish	Witness	Witness
James BALL	Shannon	Clonleigh	Alex McCLINTOCK	Daniel O'BRIEN
Zacheus COCHRAN	Edenmore	Donaghmore	William RISK	John WYSE
James BROWN	Manor Cunningham at Ballybiglay	All Saints	William RISK	John WYSE
Thomas MONTGOMERY	Donegall	Donegall	Richard COWAN	Robert CARY
John WYSE	Ballybofey	Stranorlar	William RISK	James BROWN



*I Zacheus Cochran of Edenmore in the County of Donegal do swear that I am a Freeholder of the County of Donegal, and have a Freehold in the Clear yearly Value of Forty Shillings at the Least, above all Charges, lying and being at Edenmore in the Parish of Donaghmore in the Barony of Raphoe in the County of Donegal, and that the said Freehold is in no Part of it a Rent Charge.*

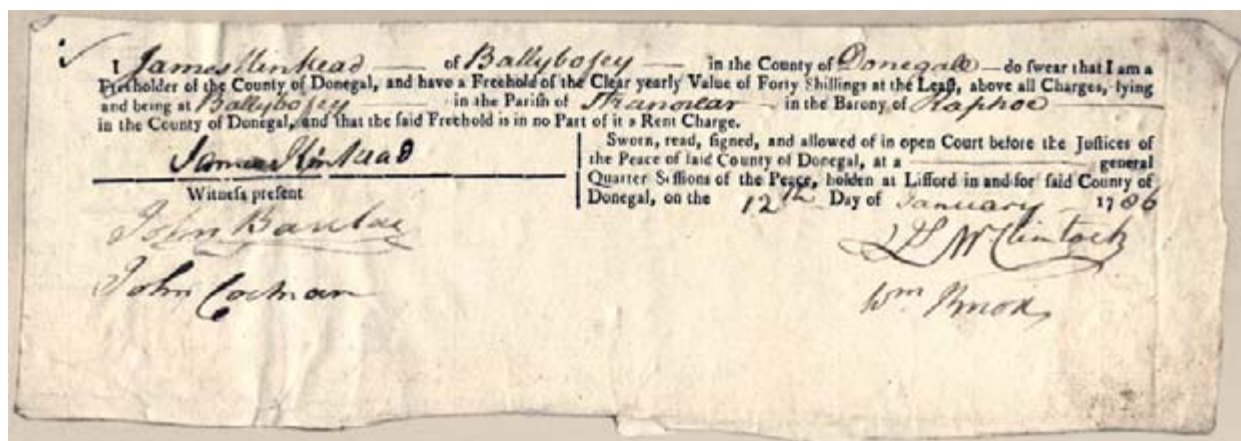
*Sworn, read, signed and allowed of in open Court before the Justices of the Peace of said County of Donegal at a general Quarter Sessions of the Peace, holden at Lifford in and for said County of Donegal, on the 12th Day of January 1786.*

*[signed] Zacheus<sup>34</sup> Cochran - HIS MARK*

<sup>34</sup> This is Zacheus (II) Cochrane (1730-e1790)

On the back (page 10) are these slips:

Freeholder	Dwelling	Parish	Witness	Witness
James KINKEAD	Ballybofey	Stranorlar	John BARCLAY	John COCHRAN
Andrew PATTERSON	Mason Lodge	All Saints	Alex McCLINTOCK	William RISK
William RISK	Ballylawn at Ballybiglay	All Saints	Alex McCLINTOCK	Andrew PATTERSON
Andrew CHAMBERS	Letterkenny	Conwal	William RISK	George CARY
William LATHUM BLACKER	Drogheda at Three Trees Dought	Templemore	Andrew CHAMBERS	George CARY
George CARY	White Castle at Fern	Urney	Anderson DOBSON	William RISK

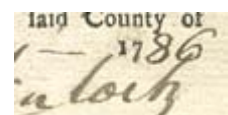


*I James Kinkead of Ballybofey ... in the Parish of Stranorlar ...*

*[signed] James<sup>35</sup> Kinkead*

*Witness present [includes] John Cochran*

If the year looks unclear on the slips above, this enlargement from one of the other slips is quite definitely 1786:



<sup>35</sup> Since John (II) Cochran died eight years before this, the witness must be the 24 year old John (III) who is more likely to be signing for his cousin Fanny's husband James Kincaid (c1754-c1814), rather than the Rev James Kincaid of the previous generation.

## 1854-5 - THE ESTATE OF CHARLES STYLE OF GLENMORE

A large folded sheet (providing four pages) gives the Residuary Account of the Estate of Charles Style. The Styles were another family intermarrying with the Cochranes, Crawfords and Kincaids.

The first page shows that James Cochrane and Joseph Kincaid were the Executors<sup>36</sup>.

**RESIDUARY ACCOUNT.**

**INLAND REVENUE OFFICE.**

No. 3.

FORM of Account (to be delivered in Duplicate) of Personal Estate and of Monies arising from Real Estate, devised to be Sold, &c. for the purpose of having the Legacy and Residue Duties charged and assessed, pursuant to the English Acts of 36 Geo. III. c. 52, and 45 Geo. III. c. 28, and 55 Geo. III. c. 184, and Irish Act of 5 & 6 Victoria, c. 82.

**DIRECTIONS.**

1. Executors and Administrators, before the Retainer of any part of the Property to their own use, are to deliver the particulars thereof at the Legacy Duty Office, in Dublin, or to the Distributer in whose District they reside, and pay the Duty thereon within 14 Days after, under the penalty of treble the value of the Duty.
2. All Rents, Dividends, Interest, and Profits arising from the Personal Estate of the deceased, or Real Estate, directed to be Sold, subsequent to the time of his or her death, and all accumulations thereof, down to the time of delivering the Account, and offering to pay the Duty on the Residue, must be considered as part of the Estate, and be accounted for accordingly.
3. Any Account transmitted by Post, or left under cover at the Office, will either be returned to the Parties, or thrown aside unnoticed.

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*Will* REGISTER No. *1* 185*4* Folio *62*

An Account of the Personal Estate, and of Monies arising out of the Real Estate, of *Charles Style of Glenmore in the County of Donegal Esquire* who died on the *twenty first* day of *December* One Thousand Eight Hundred and *fifty three* exhibited by *James Cochran and Joseph Kincaid Esquires*

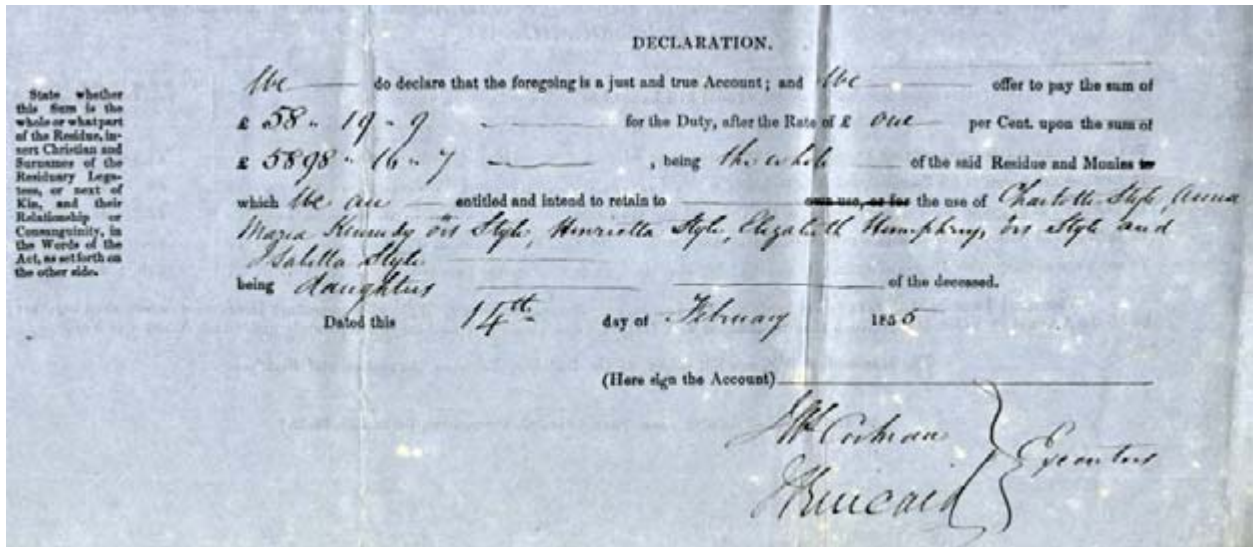
the Executors Administrator of the Deceased, or Trustee of the Real Estate, directed by the Will to be sold, &c., acting under the Will, or Executors of Administration of the Effects of the Deceased, proved in, or granted by the *Prerogative* Court of *Ireland* on the *seventh* day of *February* 185*4*

*An Account of the Personal Estate, and of Monies arising out of the Real Estate, of Charles Style of Glenmore in the County of Donegal Esquire who died on the twenty first day of December One Thousand Eight Hundred and fifty three, exhibited by James Cochran and Joseph Kincaid Esquires the Executors of the Deceased, acting under the Will of the Deceased, proved in the Prerogative Court of Ireland on the seventh day of February 1854.*

<sup>36</sup> The Executors were almost certainly James (IV) Cochrane (1801-1887) and Joseph Kincaid, son of Dr John Kincaid and father of John Henry & Gen William Kincaid. The deceased Charles Style (1777-1853) had married Fanny Cochrane (1795-1875) and had produced one son Charles (1816-1845) and five surviving daughters. One daughter, Isabella, had married John Henry Kincaid, son of Joseph Kincaid.



The fourth page (back) shows the size of the Residuary Estate, but more importantly lists the five daughters of Charles Style of Glenmore, two of whom were married.



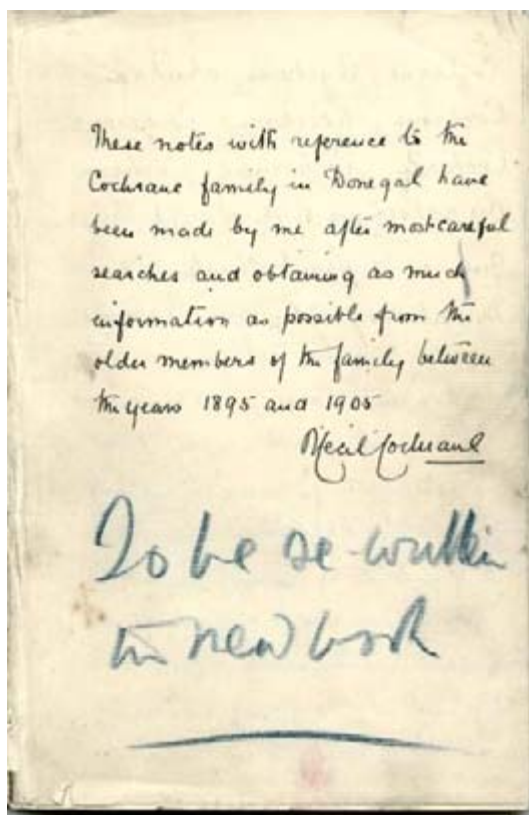
*We do declare that the foregoing is a just and true Account; and we offer to pay the sum of £58-19-9 for the Duty, after the rate of £ one per Cent upon the sum of £5898-16-7, being the whole of the said Residue and Monies which we are entitled and intend to retain to the use of Charlotte Style, Anna Maria Kennedy bn Style, Henrietta Style, Elizabeth Humphreys bn Style and Isabella Style being daughters of the deceased. Dated this 14th day of February 1855.*

*[signed] Jas Cochran, J Kinkaid, Executors.*

It is interesting to look at these signatures. The lower one is from the Estate Account above, and is the signature of Jas Cochran. The upper signature (which looks as if it has been done in pencil and then traced over) comes from a chart stuck onto the inside back cover of Cecil Cochrane's Notebook (see Appendix 4, first page). It appears at the very bottom of the page and it is not really clear whether James himself traced over it sometime after 1860 or whether R Cecil Cochrane traced over it some years later.



## APPENDIX 6 – CECIL COCHRANE'S NOTEBOOK



The front cover is missing and the above is therefore the first surviving page. Cecil Cochrane died in 1925 and his Notebook was probably written c1910. Initially, the author appears to have used only the right hand pages, but up to page 9, amendments and insertions have been added on most of the facing pages and there was evidently an intention to re-write the whole book.

A complete facsimile of the Notebook is available as a Supplement<sup>37</sup> to this booklet.



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<sup>37</sup> It was originally intended to include the facsimile within this booklet, but the very large file size of all the graphic images would have made an electronic version of this booklet impracticably large to view on the Internet. When this booklet was written in 2002, the majority of people connected to the Internet using modems at a speed of 56K (56,000 bits per second). This would mean a download time of over half an hour for the full facsimile.

## APPENDIX 7 – ESTIMATIONS &amp; SPECULATIONS

## ESTIMATING DATES FOR THE EARLY COCHRANES

Cecil Cochrane provides three pieces of evidence. The **first evidence (1741)** is a lease which refers to John (I) and William (I) Cochrane of Greenhills; *implying that John was the senior (older) of the two, let us assume by 2 years*. There is a separate family tree which suggests (without any evidence being given) that John I was born c1690. The lease was dated 1741 *when, if we assume John I was born c1690, John I was aged 51 and William I was aged 49*, and both Cochranes signed the memorial in 1752 and so both were alive in 1752. *The above assumptions and a further assumption that male Cochranes of that period (who were generally long lived) live to the age of 65 suggest dates for:*

<i>John I (c1690-e1755)</i>
<i>William I (e1692-e1757)</i>

Figure 1

The **third evidence (1771)** is a Deed of Conveyance to John (II) and Zacheus (II) in 1771 where the land was sold to them by the Court of Exchequer in order to pay charges on it; see pages 6 and 10 and the John Coghlan Family Tree. In the Deed, John and Zacheus are described as “gentlemen”, *suggesting that they were well established and more likely in the middle of their lives than young sons just starting out*. There is also the evidence (from the Crawfords of Donegal) that Zacheus II was married to Catherine (Catrean) Crawford (b c1725<sup>38</sup>), *implying that Zacheus II would have been born about four years before her c1721*. Of course, there are many examples of the husband being younger than the wife, so this assumption must be treated with care and rejected should any contrary evidence appear later. At this stage, there is no new evidence to alter the dates for John I and William I, but we can now introduce first estimates for John II and Zacheus II, *again assuming that the males lived to age 65*. :

<i>John I (c1690-e1755)</i>
<i>William I (e1692-e1757)</i>
<i>John II (e1716-e1781)</i>
<i>Zacheus II (e1721-e1786)</i>

Figure 2

<sup>38</sup> This year is suggested by Cecil Cochrane and is consistent with the birth of her father Hugh in c1690.

The **second evidence (1761)** is from the Register of Freeholders where John was registered as freeholder of Edenmore in 1761. Cecil Cochrane does not make it clear if there was any evidence to suggest that this was John I or John II. *According to the assumptions used above in Fig.2, John I would have been aged 71 and more than likely already dead; whilst his son John II would have been aged 45 and is therefore the most likely person being referred to in the Register.*

The John Coghran Family Tree gives the death of John II (unmarried) as 1778, with the Will made on 18<sup>th</sup> November 1776 and proved on 16<sup>th</sup> January 1779. This Will passed on Edenmore to his brother Zacheus II, and also mentioned:

- brother William (II)
- nephew James (III) son of William (II)
- nephews William, Zacheus and Robert Kinkead, and nieces Anne and Frances Kinkead ... younger children of Rev Joseph Kinkead<sup>39</sup>, all nephews and nieces under 21 and unmarried.

This gives more information, without needing to make more assumptions, to add to Fig.2 above, particularly the fact that the various nephews and nieces were under the age of 21 in 1776 when the Will was made :

*John I (c1690-e1755)*  
*William I (e1692-e1757)*  
*John II (e1716-1778)*  
*Zacheus II (e1721-e1786)*  
*William II (e1723-aft1776)*  
*James III (aft1755-?)*  
*Five Kincaids (aft1755-?)*

**Figure 3**

William II was evidently alive when the Will was made in late 1776. Whether John (who died less than two years later and was probably already ill) would have altered the Will if his younger brother William II had died between 1776 and 1778 is speculative.

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<sup>39</sup> The sister of John (II), Fanny Cochrane, had married Rev Joseph Kincaid.

About the Kincaid children, we know from the Will that William, Zacheus, Robert, Anne and Frances Kincaid were born after 1755 and were not married in 1776. *Possibly, they were not married in January 1779 when the Will was proved, or there might have been a note to this effect from the Executors.*



### THE TWO JAMES III COCHRANES (EST1760-EST1825)

There were two James Cochranes (cousins) who lived from the late 1700s to the early 1800s. Although they had a common grandfather (John (I) Cochrane), the two James were fathered by John's two youngest sons Zacheus (II) and William (II). One James married Mary Crawford and the other married Fanny Kincaid<sup>40</sup>, but what is the evidence to indicate which was which?

The only known sources are:

1. Cecil Cochrane's Notebook

In writing about the 2<sup>nd</sup> Generation, Cecil Cochrane refers to "William (II) ... who was father to James (III) who married Mary Crawford".

2. The Crawfords of Donegal Booklet

*The Crawfords of Donegal* states<sup>41</sup> that "Mary [Crawford] married James Cochrane and had issue James, Mary Jane, Elizabeth, Sarah", without indicating who James Cochrane was the son of.

3. John Coghran Descendancy Chart

This shows "James Cochrane (born 1761?) marrying Mary second daughter of James Crawford and his wife Mary Makelwaine". The original red ink link from parents "William (II) Cochrane married to Ann Dickson" has been crossed through in pencil and a new link in pencil shows "James as the son of Zacheus (II) Cochrane who married Catrean Crawford, eldest daughter of Hugh Crawford of Drumark". This same chart shows James' children as James (who went to America), Mary Jane, Elizabeth, Ann and Sarah".

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<sup>40</sup> See Appendix in *PHKU*.

<sup>41</sup> See *CoDNME* page 36.

## 4. Will of John (II) Cochrane.

John leaves property and money in his will “to brother Zacheus ... to brother William ... and to nephew James son of said William ...”. Although there is no mention of another nephew James son of Zacheus, this is not perhaps surprising, as none of his brother Zacheus’ children are mentioned, since Zacheus inherited the major share, by getting Edenmore itself.

In summary:

Source 1 gives James (III<sub>w</sub>)<sup>42</sup> (from William (II)) = Mary Crawford.

Source 2 gives James (III) = Mary Crawford, and four children.

Source 3a gives James (III<sub>w</sub>) (from William (II)) = Mary Crawford, and five children

Source 3b gives James (III<sub>z</sub>) (from Zacheus (II)) = Mary Crawford, and five children

Source 4 gives James (III<sub>w</sub>) (from William (II)), but does not contradict the possibility of another James (III<sub>z</sub>) (from Zacheus (II)).

In none of these four sources is there any indication of there being two James (III) Cochranes; unless the indecision in Source 3 is some indication that there were really two James Cochranes. In all cases where marriage is mentioned, James (III) is stated as marrying Mary Crawford.

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<sup>42</sup> I am using the subscripts W or Z to denote the son of William or Zacheus.

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A Townland in a specific Parish is indicated by, for example, **Birdstown (po Clonleigh)**, meaning the townland of Birdstown in the Parish of Clonleigh. The suffix **(psh)** after a place name means that it is a Parish. The Parish of Urney is unusual in that it is partly in Co. Donegal and partly in Co. Tyrone. All other Parishes indexed below are in Co. Donegal. Surnames are indexed under Family Name, with the exception of Cochrane which would appear on virtually every page. Only the principal Cochranes are indexed under their own surname.

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Rear cover photographs of (top):

**Edenmore, Stranorlar – family home of the Cochranes.**

Kindly provided by Mary Bentley,  
gt2-granddaughter of James (IV) Cochrane.

and (bottom):

**Gortlee, Letterkenny – birthplace of John (V) Cochrane.**

Kindly provided by Richard Crawley,  
gt2-grandson of James (IV) Cochrane.

